# THE DAILY MEMPHIS AVALANCHE.

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## THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.

*FOR GOVERNOR,*

**EMERSON ETHERIDGE**

OF WEAKLEY COUNTY.

FOR CONGRESS,

**Hon. J. W. LEFTWICH.**

FOR STATE SENATOR,

**Hon. JOHN W. SMITH, of Shelby.**

FOR REPRESENTATIVES,

**Honorable DAN. ABLE,**

**Honorable W. W. COLEMAN.**

**State Central Executive Committee.**
Colonel John Baxter, of Knox.
Hon. James Jones of Greene.
Hon. Charles S. Cameron, of Shelby.
Hon. Dorsey B. Thomas, of Humphreys.
Hon. John C. Gant, of Davidson.
Hon. Wm. B. Campbell, of Wilson.
Hon. A. A. Steele, of Marshall.

The St. Louis police are breaking up the gambling establishments in that city.

Clarkson Starfield, the well known painter, has died in England.

A crazy negro woman whitewashed herself in Natchez last week, and paraded through the streets.

House rents are falling in New York city rapidly, and the label "To Let" is seen on all sides.

Carl Schurz says of Brownlow: "He soars above loyal Governors, like a god." Yes, spelt backwards!

Two thousand seven hundred and fifty emigrants have arrived at New York since Saturday.

We regret to learn the decease of Mr. Robert M. Widmar, editor and proprietor of the St. Louis *Journal of Commerce*.

The Spanish Government is considering the subject of abolishing slavery in all the colonies of Spain.

The colored Conservatives of Nashville are organizing in clubs, and have already a large number in the different bodies.

At Port Gibson, Mississippi, on the 17th, $500 was realized from a muslin ball, for the relief of the Claiborne county poor.

Kirchoff & Brothers, wine and liquor importers, in Chicago, have made an assignment. Their liabilities are about $400,000, and are fully covered by the assets.

At an election in the city of Belleville, Ill., last Monday, the Democrats carried it by one hundred and fifty votes, being a gain, since last fall, of seven hundred.

Ex-Governor Perry, of South Carolina, has written another letter, in which he says that confiscation is preferable to negro rule, which must inevitably follow the adoption of the terms set forth in the late reconstruction act.

It will doubtless be interesting to such of our citizens as contemplate emigrating to Brazil, to learn that the real Asiatic cholera is just now prevailing as an epidemic along the South American coast.

The *Church Journal*, a prominent and influential paper in the Episcopal Church, advises against the marriage of the clergy and says the celibacy of the ministers in the Catholic Church is one of the practical advantages it has over the Episcopal Church.

A few days before Frank Parrish's death at Nashville, he had his children baptized with water brought by him from the river of Jordan, some fifteen years ago, obtained while traveling in the Holy Land as valet to the Hon. Ed. H. Ewing.

The New York *Herald's* Washington dispatch says it is understood that Churchill, Wilson, Woodbridge, Williams, Eldridge and Marshall, of the Judiciary Committee, are opposed to carrying out anything like impeachment, having come to the conclusion that sufficient evidence cannot be obtained.

The grand Prize de Paris of one hundred thousand francs, with the Emperor's cup, were the prizes won by the horse Fervarques, in the Bois de Bologne, Sunday. One hundred thousand persons were present, and every nation on the globe was represented. A number of royal persons were on the grounds, and took much interest in the races.

The Secretary of the St. Louis Merchants' Exchange, says that there is now stored in that city over forty-six thousand barrels of flour, and seventy thousand bushels of wheat. The holders of these articles must suffer considerable loss, as in a few weeks the new crop will be coming in, reducing the rates yet more.

An old copy of the Randolph *Citizen* shows that J. F. Benjamin was advertised to speak at a "Border Ruffian" meeting which was held at Huntsville, on the 30th of August, 1856, "to consider upon the alarming state of affairs in Kansas." Benjamin is now the Radical Congressman from the Eighth District, and one of the worst of the class at that.

Information from Bristol, on the line of Virginia and Tennessee, states that a perfect reign of terror exists there in consequence of the depredation of a company of Brownlow's militia, who invaded the town. This company numbers one hundred, two-thirds of whom are negroes. They are represented as brutal and lawless, and have created the greatest consternation among the inhabitants.

A Maysville paper notices the escape of a criminal from the jail at Flemingsburg, Kentucky, by cutting the bars of his cell door, "which were hollow tubes, filled with soft metal, and easily severed with a case knife." It is said the iron work of the jail was put in by a Cincinnati contractor, "who undertook to make a secure and substantial job;" but, instead of doing so, made the bars of "gas pipe filled with lead."

Five companies of the Brownlow militia have thus far been mustered into the service of the State: Captain Geo. Grisham's company, at Bristol, Johnson county; Captain John T. Robeson's company, at Troy, Obion county; Captain W. O. Rickman's company, at New Hope, Franklin county; Captain Joe. Blackburn's company, at Liberty, De Kalb county. A company at Cookeville, Putnam, county, is command of Lieutenant Wm. S. Stewart, and a company at Knoxville, under Captain Robert Hall, are to be mustered into the service this week, and will swell the entire force now in the field to six hundred.

J. D. Nailor, a worthy and most estimable citizen of McNairy county, Tennessee, was murdered in his field while at work last Monday, by some person unknown. He had just turned his horse and plow from the fence, and while busily engaged in handling his plow a rifle ball, fired by an unseen foe concealed in the bushes near by, penetrated his back, producing a wound that caused almost instant death. After receiving the shot, poor Nailor's hand dropped from his plow handle, as he said to a negro who was working near by, "I believe I am shot!" and immediately fell forward a lifeless corpse.

### Oh, Stokes!

From the Nashville Banner, 3d inst.]

The above cut is suggestive. We reproduce it for the benefit of moralists. It ought to be particularly inspiring to the renowned General William B. Stokes. To him and the colored people we commend it, and with it the following statement:

In December, 1862, a man under a slouched hat appeared at the door of Colonel Haynes, on Cedar street of this city. He had in his custody a colored boy who had been captured near this vicinity, and lodged him in jail. He asked Colonel Haynes to take him and see if he could sell him for a good price.

The man was General Stokes. The above is a picture of the colored boy. We wish we could add a picture of the great William when he reads these lines.

In conclusion we have only to remark that we are in possession of the proof of the foregoing. Our charge is actionable if General Stokes sees fit to sue. If he denies, we shall produce the necessary affidavit. Yet the colored man that this Stokes is stumping the State to get their votes for Brownlow, who, in his debate with Pryor, denounced the negro as being of the monkey race.

### Affairs in Tennessee.

From the National Intelligencer, June 1.]

On the 28th of February last the Legislature of Tennessee passed a resolution requesting the aid of the Government in suppressing disorder in certain counties in that State. On the strength of this Governor Brownlow made application, in general terms, to General Thomas for aid. We reprint herewith the reply to the application. General Thomas naturally wished to know where the troops were needed, and to whom they were to report.

But Governor Brownlow, determined to manage affairs to suit his iniquitous aims, called into being a militia force, which has been used for the gross oppression of the people of the State, and, despite the constitutional provision against the maintenance by State authority of a standing army, has had several regiments under pay and in the service of the State. Against the abuses practiced by his soldiers the people are constantly protesting to the Government, and it is to consult with General Thomas on the untoward condition of affairs that he has been summoned to this city. It is to be hoped that some means will be devised to keep the usurping Governor within bounds.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE TENNESSEE,
LOUISVILLE, KY., March 7, 1867.

*To His Excellency William G. Brownlow, Governor of Tennessee:*

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of March 1, 1867, covering a copy of a joint resolution of the General Assembly of Tennessee, adopted February 28, 1867, and applying in accordance therewith to the United States, through me, for a sufficient force of United States soldiers to keep the peace and restore order in such portions of the State as the civil authorities have proved themselves unable to control. The State of Tennessee has been declared by the President of the United States to be no longer in rebellion, and that the laws can be enforced therein by proper civil authority, and the orders to me as military commander of this department are in accordance with said proclamation.

The troops under my command are available for assistance to the civil authorities in enforcing the laws and preserving order, and upon application of your Excellency a sufficient force for that purpose will be sent to any locality in the State of Tennessee that may be designated, but the troops will act as aids only to the proper constituted civil authorities, and not assume control of the citizens by virtue of military orders.

With any such application as your Excellency may make, it is requested that the nature of the disorder requiring the force may be stated, and the authorities to whom the troops are to report may be particularly designated.

I have the honor to be, sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEORGE H. THOMAS,
Major General U. S. A., Commanding.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

### WEDNESDAY'S AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

**Facts and Fancies from Washington.**

**A Mixed Convention at Montgomery, Alabama.**

**Removal of the City Council of Mobile.**

**General Schofield Ignores the Opinion of the Attorney General.**

**Probable Removal of General Sheridan.**

**Settlement of the Cretan Difficulty.**

MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 5.—A mixed Convention of Republicans assembled yesterday. Judge Smith, white man, was elected President, and the darkies received half the remaining offices. General Swayne and Governor Patton and others were present. The motion to invite Judge Busteed was violently opposed by the negroes.

MOBILE, June 5.—Pope has removed the Board of Aldermen and Common Council, Treasurer of Board and Tax Collector, of Mobile.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—Thomas J. Durant, the newly appointed Governor of Louisiana, is here practicing law, and it is said he has declined the position.

The Attorney General announces, in reply to numerous letters from the South, that the supplementary opinion will be issued in time for the convenience of the people.

The various statements relative to the hostile attitude of the Indians in the northwest have received additional official confirmation.

The monthly report of the Statistical Bureau for May shows the imports, for the four months ending April 30th, to be $132,327,317, and for ten months in the fiscal year, $344, 256,835. The domestic exports for ten months, $163,369,779, and for ten months, $369,508,879, including $176,225,911 for cotton. Exports of foreign merchandise for four months, $8,165,980, and for ten months, $16,288,045.

The statement of the Secretary of the Treasury for the month of May will show a very large currency balance and considerable reduction in the public debt.

It is generally conceded in Richmond that General Schofield's order No. 84 ignores Stanberry's opinion on the Reconstruction laws. It adheres to the scheme of the challengers, disputes applications to register, and requires the boards to decide for the admission or rejection after an examination, application and hearing of the witnesses.

A Washington special says the action of Sheridan in removing Governor Wells, of Louisiana, so promptly on the heels of the President's demand for reasons for removing the Board of Levee Commissioners, attracts very lively comment here. Friends of the President assert that it is an insult to him, and renders certain the speedy removal of Sheridan, and the reversal of all his actions.

PARIS, June 4.—It is understood the result of the meeting between the Emperor Napoleon and the Czar of Russia is, that they have agreed upon a plan for the settlement of the Cretan difficulty, which will be proposed to the other great Europeans Powers, and which it is hoped will be adopted by them and urged upon the Sultan with united influence.

BERLIN, June 4.—The King of Prussia, accompanied by Count Bismarck, left for Paris this afternoon on a promised visit to Napoleon and the French Exposition.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

**Compromise of the Reform Bill.**

NEW YORK, May 29.

A London special, dated last night, says: In the House of Commons, at an early hour, and after an exciting debate, the question of the borough franchise right, as embodied in Mr. D'Israeli's reform bill, was settled on the basis of household suffrage. The compound household plan, as at first proposed, is practically abolished. As the measure now stands, the tenant in a borough town is to pay his tax rates personally; instead of through the landlord, and so secure the right of voting.

In the matter of the franchise qualification in the counties, it has been voted that the settled occupants of lands or tenements worth the sum of twelve pounds shall enjoy the right of voting when duly registered. The Government at first proposed that the value of the land or tenement should be fifteen pounds.

The Liberals, in opposition, wanted to have it fixed at ten pounds. A compromise took place in the House, when twelve pounds was the amount agreed on as the amount of value of the lands or tenement. The result is a gain to the people.

Colonel Bristoe G. Baldwin, formerly of General Lee's staff, attempted to take his own life by means of chloroform a few days ago. Pecuniary misfortunes was the cause. He was discovered in his bed apparently dying, and measures were taken which will ensure his recovery. He is a brother of Speaker Baldwin, of the Virginia House of Delegates.

## LOCAL NEWS.

☞ The news of the City will be found on the first and third pages. ☜

### IMPORTANT COMMUNICATION.

**Registration of Citizens of Foreign Birth.**

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 5, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS.—Permit me, through your columns, to direct attention to the manner in which foreigners, applying to Mr. Davis for registration, are treated under the late law of the State Legislature, which is as follows:

An act extending the elective franchise to certain aliens.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That in all State, district, county and all other civil elections, such aliens as have resided more than one year in the United States, and more than six months in the State of Tennessee, shall have the right of the elective franchise. Provided, That such persons shall have previously declared their intentions to become citizens of the United States, and that they shall not have participated in the late rebellion.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Passed March 8, 1867.

J. S. MULLOY,
Speaker *pro tem.* of the House of Representatives,
JOSHUA R. PRIERSON,
Speaker of the Senate.

I do certify that the above is a true copy of the original now on file in my office.

A. J. FLETCHER,
Secretary of State.

In accordance with the provisions of the above law, many foreigners have come before me and declared their intentions to become citizens of the United States—a copy of which I furnished them from the records of the Court under my seal and official signature. Several of them have returned their papers to me under oath, stating that Mr. Davis had refused to receive such papers, because they were issued when Court had adjourned, and that I had no power or authority to issue such papers in vacation. In many cases the papers were issued when Court was in session, which he has refused—one case in point: On the 28th of May last I issued a certificate to Mr. Edward Mitchell from the Law Court *then sitting*, which he, Mitchell, returned to me, stating under oath, that Mr. Davis refused to receive it. I have a clear and undoubted right to issue these papers, either in Court or in vacation. This is the practice of clerks in every State in the Union, and was the practice of my predecessors in this office, and Mr. Davis has no right or authority under the law to refuse certified copies of papers under my seal and signature. It is a well known fact that the certified papers of all Clerks of Courts of record are received as evidence in every State in the Union. Such are daily read in the Courts of this city. My certificates were respected in every Court of law in this country, and even by the Government Bureaus at Washington. Why, then, should Mr. Davis set himself as the Supreme Judge in this matter? I will not say. Let the public deduce their inference from the fact. The following is the Law of the United States, on the subject of naturalization of aliens:

SECTION 1. Any alien, being a free white person, may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States, or any of them, on the following conditions and not otherwise:

"First, That he shall have declared on oath, or affirmation, before the Supreme, Superior, District or Circuit court of some one of the States, or of the Territorial Districts of the United States, or a Circuit or District court of the United States, three years at least before his admission, that it was *bona fide* his intention to become a member of the United States, and to support the Constitution and allegiance and fidelity to every foreign Prince, Potentate, State or sovereignty whereof such alien may at the time be a citizen or subject."

* * * * * * *

"Sec. 2. The declaration required by the first condition specified in the first section of the act, to which this is in addition, shall, if the same has been *bona fide* made before the clerk of either of the courts in said condition named, be as valid as if it had been made before the said courts respectively."

I would not trouble you with this communication were it not for the fact that several of the persons to whom I have given certificates of naturalization have returned them to my office, and blame me for issuing the papers, presuming that I was acting without proper authority. This is certainly an unpleasant position for an officer to be placed in. I therefore desire to set myself right before them and the public.

I am very respectfully, JOHN DONOVAN,
Clerk of the Law and Criminal Courts of Memphis.

### UNMITIGATED SCOUNDRELISM.

**How the Brownlowites Expect to Carry the Election.**

We are advised that Lincoln Council has concocted a scheme by which four thousand illegal votes are to be cast in this county for Brownlow at the ensuing election.

Our first informant was a gentleman who is still a member of Lincoln Council, and cannot leave it at present, because he is under pecuniary obligations to one of its leading members. He was present when the corruption of the ballot box was discussed and planned, but he has no sympathy with such villainy. He is one of the few men in that organization who never had to run away from any place for stealing—never was charged with swindling the United States Government—never engaged in contraband speculations during the war—never, under pretense of speculation, stole cotton sent to the suffering—never took half a thief's booty for aiding his escape from justice, and never either pressed men to go into the Confederate army or wished to degrade and oppress them for taking his advice. He is a man who would not be likely to exaggerate *the conspiracy to corrupt the ballot box*. He says that during the discussion in Lincoln Council, it was stated that when the Freedmen's Bureau took an exact statistical account of the blacks in Shelby county, they numbered nineteen thousand—that since then a great many of them had died of cholera, a great many had been killed and gone to work on plantations, and a great many had been enlisted by United States recruiting officers and had left, and that in consequence of these things there could not be more than twenty-five thousand colored people in Shelby county. This, it was said, would only give a vote of about ten thousand, if all who could vote should do so for the Radical ticket, this would not be enough to insure the success of the Radical candidates, as they were not personally popular and had heavy weights to carry. A good many people had got dissatisfied with the policy of Brownlow and would not vote any longer with the Radical party. Over a hundred persons who had been on the rolls have ceased to attend the meetings of Lincoln Council. The Conservatives were bringing out a great deal about the Radical candidates. Smith's confiscation and tax title and indemnity projects. Richards and Smith getting four thousand dollars worth of railroad scrip each, and trying to raise the fair to ten cents. Smith's speculation on getting bills and charters passed in the Legislature. Ryders selling out the Radical party, and voting contrary to his instructions, and then getting the United States Marshalship. Hepburn concocting schemes to plunder Memphis, and running for office here again and again while his home is in Iowa. All these and the loads that had to be carried, and as the colored vote was not altogether reliable extra means must be used to win.

HOW IT WAS TO BE DONE.

Rebels must not be allowed to carry the elections. In such a case a "little trickery" was justifiable. This "little trickery" was to have old Jim Davis register all colored men who applied without asking them any questions about where they lived. Then secret associations of colored men could be formed to bring blacks from Arkansas for registration, and control afterwards their votes.

When the Arkansas negroes presented at the polls the certificate from Davis, "nobody would have a right" to go behind that certificate. This would add four or five thousand votes to the Radical strength in Shelby county.

IS THIS PROGRAMME BEING CARRIED OUT?

A great many circumstances go to show that this infamous scheme, concocted by as unprincipled a set of knaves as can be found anywhere, is being carried out, and will be used at the ensuing election. Nobody supposes that there are over twenty-five thousand colored people in Shelby county, but old Jim Davis has already given out above six thousand certificates to colored men. To give six thousand legal colored voters there should be a colored population in Shelby county of over fifty thousand persons. This demonstrates that there is a monstrous fraud somewhere. All possible hindrances and obstacles thrown in the way of white men getting certificates, but the negroes take the oath in batches of twenty, thirty or forty at a time. They are asked who will you vote for, but are never asked do you live in the State of Tennessee. Old Jim Davis has doubtless given out thousands of certificates to Arkansas blacks, and expects, before election day, to have registered as voters, eight or ten thousand colored men, when their are not a third of them legally entitled. This is Brownlowism. This is Lincoln Council. This is the scheme of a set of unmitigated scoundrels and hypocrites, who hide their villainy by oaths and secret clubs.

Is it for this Chandler and Taft, and others of the Radical leaders, have been conspiring in secret with blacks? Is it for this atrocious oath to murder recusants are imposed on some ignorant and misguided blacks? Is it for this the public school rooms have been used and public men employed to guard against the discovery of the villainy.

The phrase—"nobody would have a right to go behind Davis's certificate,"—indicates that they don't intend to allow anybody to challenge the votes of the Arkansas colored voters, to whom Davis has given certificates. Will they have State militia here to crush out such challenging as disorderly?

It is a felony for United States soldiers to interfere with the right of suffrage, and they ain't likely to do it, but Brownlow's "ben thief melish" may be used for that purpose.

Old Jim Davis got a thousand or fifteen hundred dollars from leading Radicals for accepting the office of Register. How much will they give him for carrying through this scheme of Lincoln Council? Smith and Richards should give him a share in their claim for losses during the war, for without him they can't be elected, and consequently can't get the Indemnity tax law passed.

It is reported that three companies of white and one of colored militia from East Tennessee are shortly to be quartered in this city.

### SECRET MEETINGS IN SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

**Curious Fear of Being Recognized.**

A correspondent informs us that several meetings of a very suspicious character have been recently held in one of the public schools. The meetings were composed of blacks and a few whites, and were held at night. Two policemen were posted near the door on the outside to keep away curious outsiders. Then the door was locked inside so that the policemen could know nothing. Several of the prominent members of Lincoln Council were at the meetings. When the meeting broke up one night recently those attending it left by pairs, and one black calling out the name of a white man as they were parting, the white said, "D——n it. Why in h—ll do you call out names?" Our correspondent pertinently asks "what villiany is hatching thus?"

### ITEMITAS.

A gentleman doing business on Main street, but who never reads the papers, had recently to pay over three hundred dollars of taxes, and did it in greenbacks. He didn't know that there was an advantage in paying it in county scrip, and consequently lost nearly fifty dollars.

The unscrupulous character of the Radical leaders may be illustrated by the fact that they are telling the ignorant colored people that the tax imposed by Congress on cotton was to raise the funds to pay the bounties of colored soldiers, and that it is all used for that purpose.

It aint very hard to get a divorce here sometimes. A husband, while living amicably with his wife, began a suit for a divorce without her knowledge. After a time he sent her North, and then procuring evidence that she was not acting prudently there, he got his divorce granted. It is not very certain that the wife has yet heard anything about the matter.

In the case of the State vs. Bartlet, which resulted in a verdict of murder, recently, the prosecution was conducted by P. T. Scruggs, Esq., whose able management of the case has made a favorable impression on the bar of Memphis.

On Thursday evening of next week the school of the Holy Cross under the charge of those accomplished instructors, Mrs. Ketchum and Miss Bradford, will give a grand musical and dramatic soiree at the Greenlaw Opera House, and a fine artistic and intellectual treat may be anticipated.

A Base Ball match was played on Sunday in the vicinity of Fort Pickering, and a large number of onlookers were present. Among them was Albert Woolbridge, a boy twelve years of age, whose mother lives on Rayburn avenue. While he was quietly watching the ball match he was accidentally struck in the back by some person who, at a short distance were firing at a target, through which the ball passed.

There have been several cases of disease recently in Memphis that exhibited those rapid and alarming symptoms characteristic of diseases induced by filthiness, and they have caused a report that such are cases of cholera. This rumor is calculated to do harm, and should be contradicted; at the same time there should be an effort made by citizens and sanitary officials to put our streets, alleys and back yards in a condition that will not invite the ravages of epidemics.

Several white gentlemen were much amused yesterday with a discussion, which they overheard, between two colored men on Commerce street.

Jim—Well, Mr. Hall, how is times with you?

Mr. Hall—Times is pretty hard, I tell you, Mr. Jim. De old citizens is so afraid of the Brownlow taxes dat dey has closed down on building houses. Dey have de money, but dey haven't de confidence, de way things is workin, and if Etheridge isn't elected, I'm afraid dere won't be much work in dis town. One of de old citizens told me to-day dat he never would build more houses to be taxed to death by dese Radicals in de Legislature.

Jim—Dat's what I myself tinks, Mr. Hall.

Mr. Hall—Why don't dese Radicals give us work if dey want us to vote for dem. Dey get money, and den dey go home and leave us to take care of ourselves. If dere is any work to be done de old citizens will give it to working people who go with dem, and if we go agin dem, I'se afraid dey will give most of de work dat is done to oder people.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.—We understand that Colonel Sam. Tate, President of the Memphis and Charleston railroad, has effected a settlement with the Federal authorities at Washington for the balance due to the Government for the rolling stock, materials, etc., purchased at the close of the war. The terms were $100,000 in cash, and $30,000 in monthly instalments of $10,000. The liquidation of so large a debt, (amounting originally to $491,920,68,) and the amount expended on the repair and renewal of the track, trestlework and bridges, which has placed the road in its present effective condition, speaks well for the abundance of its resources, and the ability and energy of those entrusted with its management.


## SPECIAL NOTICES.

**A Young Lady Returning to her Country** home, after a sojourn of a few months in the city, was hardly recognized by her friends. In place of a coarse, rustic, flushed face, she had a soft ruby complexion of almost marble smoothness, and instead of twenty-three, she really appeared but eighteen. Upon inquiry as to the cause of so great a change, she plainly told them that she used the *Circassian Balm*, and considered it an invaluable acquisition to any lady's toilet. By its use any lady or gentleman can improve their personal appearance an hundred fold. It is simple in its combination, as nature herself is simple, and unsurpassed in its efficacy in drawing impurities from, also healing, cleansing and beautifying the skin and complexion. By its direct action on the cuticle it draws from it all its impurities, kindly healing the same, and leaving the surface as nature intended it should be, clear, soft, smooth and beautiful. Price $1, sent by mail or express on receipt of an order by

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**Know Thy Destiny.**

Madame E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has located in the city of MEMPHIS. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, etc. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send, when desired, a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be, by enclosing a small lock of hair, and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and a stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.

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## MISCELLANEOUS.

**SOMETHING RARE.**

I HAVE determined to sell, and will sell at a bargain, my

**BEAUTIFUL HOMESTEAD,**

On the corner of Poplar and Rosewalk streets. The lot extends 227 feet on Poplar street and 317 on Rosewalk avenue, and is certainly one of the most desirable residences in or about Memphis. The grounds are in a high state of cultivation and have beautiful shrubbery in admirable condition.

**This Fine and Desirable Property**

Is well situated, and is in one of the very best neighborhoods of Memphis. It has every desirable suburban feature, yet is only a few minutes' walk distant from the business portion of the city.

**The Elegant House**

Contains eleven rooms and is alike substantial, convenient and finely finished. Apply to

JOHN F. MILLS,
on the Premises
Or at MOODY & WIMBISH'S
Bradley Block

mar27

FASHIONABLE

**Boot and Shoemakers,**

LINKHAUER & BRO., Agents.

This well known firm is now located at 314 Second street, between Union Court and Madison, opposite the Bill man Block.

**COX & HUMPHREY,**

**Produce & Commission**

MERCHANTS,

**No. 1 Howard Row, Memphis, Tenn**

my23

COYNER'S

**WHITE & BLACK SULPHUR SPRINGS**

THIS WELL KNOWN WATERING PLACE, situated in Botetourt county, Va., on the line of, and in full view of the VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD, will be again opened for the reception of visitors on the 1st of June, inst.

Persons coming from the South and West will arrive at the Springs in about ten hours from Bristol, Tenn. Those leaving Baltimore, Washington, Richmond and Petersburg, will arrive the same evening at the Springs.

Visitors desiring to stop, by informing the Conductor when they strike the Virginia and Tennessee railroad of the fact, will be landed at the platform immediately opposite the Springs.

The undersigned (formerly of Richmond) takes pleasure in announcing his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to this place with the intention of making it his permanent residence and will SPARE NEITHER TROUBLE NOR EXPENSE to render it pleasant and agreeable to his guests.

There are FIVE SULPHUR SPRINGS, the medicinal qualities of which are so generally and favorably known that it is deemed unnecessary to speak of their virtues.

A FINE BAND will be in attendance during the season.

For terms, etc., address the undersigned at Bonsacks, Roan ake county, Va.

WM. R. FRY,
Proprietor.

mal-1m

S. R. WEBBER, Paying Cashier, Tenn. J. W. WEBBER, Paying Cashier, Tenn

**E. B. WEBBER & BRO.**

**Cotton Factors**

AND

*Commission Merchants,*

**No. 206 Front street,**

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ All consignments insured unless otherwise instructed. Bagging and Rope and other supplies furnished at lowest market rates. mh26-1m

MAYDWELL & ANDERSON

MARBLE WORKS

NO. 59 UNION STREET,

Between Second and Third.

mar23-tf

**RALEIGH SPRINGS.**

FRANKLIN HOUSE.

HAVING made additions to the above House, and secured other convenient and comfortable rooms in connection therewith, the undersigned will open the same

**On the 13th Day of May Next,**

For the accommodation of the public generally, and particularly those who desire to avail themselves of the healing virtues of the justly famed RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS.

Every effort will be made to render pleasant and beneficial the sojourn of those who may favor us with a call, by care and liberality. A good Band of Music has been engaged and will be at all times in attendance.

A SPACIOUS BALL ROOM has been provided, together with every facility for the enjoyment of boarders.

Taylor's Daily OMNIBUS LINE connect with Ohio railroad trains at BARCLEY STATION, seven miles east of Memphis and two miles west of Raleigh.

Visitors on application now will be accommodated and duly cared for.

The invaluable properties of these mineral waters are too well known to the public to require further commendation. Thousands of testimonials could be presented if the deserved reputation of the RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS could be augmented.

E. H. & B. F. LEKMAN,
Proprietors.

ap23tf

**Rockbridge Alum Springs,**

VIRGINIA.

THIS favorite and delightful watering place will be open JUNE FIRST. Arrangements are making to render it more than ever attractive to all in quest of relaxation, while to the invalid its remarkable medicinal waters hold out new hopes of health.

Its reputation is established as a cure for SCROFULA and most of the Glandular and Cutaneous affections, CHRONIC DIARRHŒA and DYSENTERY, DYSPEPSIA, BRONCHITIS, THROAT, Affections of the LIVER and BLADDER, DROPSY and PILES. In all anæmic conditions of the system and broken down habits of the constitution, Loss of Appetite and general Nervous Prostration, their powers and virtues as a Restorative are without a rival among the mineral waters of the world. They are especially indicated in the ailments peculiar to the female constitution.

The Springs are distant only eleven hours from Richmond and twelve hours from Washington by mail; in the midst of the grand mountain ranges of Virginia; in the same county with the famous "Natural Bridge," from which it takes its name, and near to Lexington, where is situated the Military Institute; the home of LEE, and the tomb of JACKSON.

For all particulars of routes, location and properties of the water, see Springs' pamphlet, sent free by mail.

The bottled water and the salts of the water (or "mass") can at all times be had fresh and genuine from Hegeman & Co., New York; Coleman & Rogers, Baltimore; Purcell, Ladd & Co., Richmond, and A. B. Rucker, Lynchburg, Va.

A superior BAND OF MUSIC for both male and female in attendance during the season.

Daily mails at this office by Virginia Central railroad.

FRAZIER & RANDOLPH,
Proprietors.

Captain WM. H. SALE,
General Superintendent.

mar8-2m

**ICE! ICE! ICE!**

**UNION AND DeSOTO STREET MARKET**

I WISH to announce to the citizens of my neighborhood, that I am prepared to furnish them

**WITH THE BEST MEATS**

This market affords, as well as FRESH VEGETABLES AND ICE DAILY, at market rates, at the Depot, Union and DeSoto streets: from 6 a.m. to 9 p.m. throughout the season. Ice furnished every day throughout the year, at the same rates as other city depots.

apr18-1m RD. HAMPSHIRE

**Harvest! Harvest! Harvest!**

FOR SALE LOW, to close trust deed, Reapers, Mowers, Cradles, Scythes, Threshing Machines, Horse Powers, Wheelbarrows, and other Agricultural Implements.

MILES OWEN, Trustee,
mal-1m 266 Front street

**DR. A. S. COUSINS,**

Late of Richmond, Va.,

OFFERS his Professional services to the citizens of Memphis, Tennessee.

Office—Bethell Block, Corner of Main and South Court Streets,

WHERE HE CAN BE FOUND BOTH NIGHT AND DAY.

jel 1m

**Trustee's Sale**

OF VALUABLE

**CITY AND OTHER REAL ESTATE**

AT TWELVE O'CLOCK TO-DAY, on the southwest corner of Main and Vance streets, I will sell, without limit or reserve, TWO VALUABLE LOTS on Washington street, opposite St. M. E. Asylum, each lot 45 by 175 feet.

Also, TWENTY-THREE ACRES OF LAND near the Pigeon Roost Road, about one-half mile from Mr. Bethel's late residence; also twelve lots of SUBURBAN LAND in Crittenden and Cross counties, Arkansas, and SIX LOTS in the town of Carlisle, Miss., Junction Mobile and Ohio, and Memphis and Charleston railroads.

This regarded as undoubted, and equity of redemption waived.

June 1, 1867. J. T. PEYTON, Trustee.

jel 2

## INSURANCE

TENNESSEE STATE

**MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY**

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Incorporators and Directors:

E. M. APPERSON, GEO. L. NICKOLLS,
C. J. SELDEN, JESSE W. PAGE, Jr.,
A. T. LACEY, HOW. E. JACKSON,
G. M. BARTLETT J. R. BROWNLOW,
WM. L. VANCE, PITSER MILLER,
WM. N. ELLS, P. LEDYARD

Office, in the Odd Fellows' Building

CORNER MAIN & COURT SQUARE

Executive Committee:

A. T. LACEY, W. L. VANCE,

GEO. L. NICKOLLS, President. C. J. SELDEN, Treasurer.

S. P. LEDYARD, Secretary. HOWELL B. JACKSON, Attorney.

THIS COMPANY will restrict their business to FIRST CLASS RISKS. Policies issued from one month to six years.

**IT IS A HOME COMPANY,**

Pledged, and devoted to the furtherance of HOME INTERESTS.

The mutual system has deservedly become the most popular mode of insurance in the United States, and is the one embraced by those best qualified, as agents, to know and appreciate and desire security, perpetuity and economy. In a mutual company, the insured derives all the advantages which can be realized from an insurance, and at the lowest rates consistent with safety, without the risk of annoyance by proprietors or stock holders, for, perhaps an inadequate capital or security, a certainty of accomplishing the object in view, are the essential elements sought for, and they may be found eminently existing in a well conducted Mutual Insurance Company, and the Directors, Officers and Incorporators who compose for the Tennessee State Mutual.

Policies will be issued at the office of the Company. There are seventeen Mutual Insurance Companies in successful operation in St. Louis, operating by their policies SEVEN-EIGHTS of the real estate of that city. Such is the popularity of the mutual principle in our sister city. ap28-1m-tf

A CARD.

**To my old Friends in West Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas.**

HAVING accepted a permanent Agency for the ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, I would respectfully call the attention of my old friends to that institution as a safe, certain and reliable medium through which they may assure their families against want in

## WANTS.

AGENTS WANTED—For "The History of the War between the States," containing its Origin, Causes and Results; the Men who fought it, Life of Jeff. C. Davis, Life and Services of Gen. Alexander H. Stephens," by HENRY CLAY-TON. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, 181 West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. apr9-1m

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY—A good cook, washer and ironer. Reference required. Apply at No. 181 Main street. jel 2t

## FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF HOUSE No. 187 Adams street. Rent reduced to a small monthly. For further information inquire at No. 9 Jefferson street. T. J. HICKS. jel 2t

FOR RENT—A very comfortable Gothic Cottage Dwelling House, with eight rooms, cellar and modern conveniences, on south side of Jefferson street, extended, third house east of Lauderdale; also, the furniture, ALL NEW, can be purchased on reasonable terms. Possession given 15th of June. Any person wishing to see the house and furniture can do so at the house. Terms made known by calling on me at 249½ Main street. [mch8-1w] E. WALLACE, Agent.

FOR RENT—STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's new block, corner of South Union and Main streets. Apply in the building to F. G. BETHELL, or R. F. WALKER, Jr., in Rooms No. 1 and 2. mar29-tf

FOR RENT—Two new DWELLING HOUSES, neatly finished, with all modern conveniences, on Lauderdale street, between Lauderdale and Orleans streets, in one of the best neighborhoods and the most delightful part of the city, the street railroad running within a few steps of the door. Apply to J. J. RAWLINGS, Agent, No. 204 Front street. mar17-tf

FOR RENT—The back ROOM on fourth floor of AVALANCHE Building. Apply at AVALANCHE counting room.

FOR RENT—Rooms and Offices elegantly furnished, on Front Row, Main and Second streets, at from $6 to $25 per month, by C. W. POOL, apr15 Rental and Real Estate Agent, 199 Main street.

## BOARDING.

BOARDING—A gentleman whose wife will be absent for the summer, wishes a gentleman and his wife to board, or to take charge of the house; or a family, without children, to take the house on most reasonable terms. House new, five rooms, well furnished and in good locality. Address or call on Rooms No. 2 and 3 Front street. jel 1w

BOARDING—Day board for a few gentlemen; also, two pleasant rooms. Address, with reference, B. G., this office. mch26-tf

BOARDING—A pleasant ROOM, with board for a gentleman and lady, at reasonable rates; also, a few day boarders can be accommodated, at No. 394 Second street, between Dayton and Beal streets. References exchanged. mar1-tf

## FOR SALE OR LEASE.

FOR SALE—ONE-FOURTH INTEREST in an established business, now paying well and will pay from $60 to $80 per month during the busy months. The owner is compelled to leave on account of country on account of health. Terms liberal. Address "BUSINESS," at this office. jel 1w

FOR SALE—A desirable RESIDENCE, located on extension of Jefferson street. Apply to W. J. ROSS, mar3-1w At Memphis and Charleston Railroad Depot.

FOR SALE—Three BRUNSWICK BILLIARD TABLES, in good order, all complete. Apply to IMPERIAL BILLIARD HALL, 363 Main street. mch2-1w

FOR SALE—A large, first-class, WATER-TANK, in good order. Apply at this office. mch27-tf

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY—A small number of families' leasehold lots for the next 99 years, on a brick building in the business part of the city, containing two stores and two rooms over each store. At present rented for three stores and two rooms over each store. At present rented for $100 per month. The owner to pay $500 for improvements at the end of Lease. C. W. POOL, mar7-tf No. 199 Main street.

## LOST.

LOST—On the evening of Tuesday last, May 21, at Bartlett station, Memphis and Ohio railroad, or leaving the train, a DOUBLE CASE, OLD FASHIONED, GOLD WATCH, with a DOUBLE chain attached. It is valuable as a family relic, and the silver Case is attached. It is valuable as a family relic, and the finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it with the AVALANCHE at Bartlett, or with me at Mason's Depot, or at 187 Adams street, Memphis. THOMAS T. SOMERVELL.

## REWARDS.

$10 REWARD—STRAYED—One large BAY HORSE, eight years of age, barefooted, feet very large, has white star or right inches long on left shoulder. Will pay $10 for such information that will get him, or if left at this office, or No. 55 Union street. R. C. GARNER. mch31

## SPECIAL NOTICES, ETC.

NOTICE—At the May term of the County Court, I obtained letters of Administration on the estate of ROCKLYNE MURPHY, deceased. All creditors of the estate are notified to file their claims, properly certified, with me, at my home, three miles on the Holly Springs Road, and all indebted to the Estate are notified to come forward and settle immediately. A. MADDEN. jel 1awsw

NOTICE—All persons are cautioned against trading for a note drawn by Jas. L. Taffe and John R. Smith in favor of D. Sensor, dated March 26, 1867, as the conditions for which said note was drawn have not been fulfilled.

JAMES L. TAFFE. JOHN R. SMITH. jel 4t

NOTICE—No bills will be paid for account of pleasure boats unless contracted for or ordered by myself. A. J. WALT, Captain. mch9-1t

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the firm of HICKS & SMITH was dissolved on February 19, A. D. 1867, and that the undersigned has a deed of trust on the stocks, stock and fixtures, on Jefferson street, in this city, and also warns all persons against trading for said stock, etc., as the same is now in litigation. R. E. SMITH.

NOTICE—To the Heirs and Creditors of Andrew R. Rahl—I will apply for letters of administration on the estate of Andrew R. Rahl at the June term, 1867, (first Monday,) of the County Court of Shelby county. ANDREW J. KELLAR. may7-law3w

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR SENATOR—We are authorized to announce Hon. JOHN W. SMITH as a candidate for re-election as Senator from Shelby and Fayette counties.

FOR CONGRESS—We are authorized to announce Hon. JNO. W. LEFTWICH as a candidate for re-election to Congress. apr18-tf

THURSDAY, : : : : : : : : JUNE 6, 1867

THE pure and spotless ermine which should ever adorn the shoulders of a Judge, has been polluted by Judge WILLIAM HUNTER, of this city. It will be seen from the local reports in the AVALANCHE yesterday, that the Criminal Judge of this city has become a blatant, brawling party hack. Every Radical meeting held in this city—whether large or small—Judge HUNTER descends from the bench to the political arena, and with his descent he bedraggles in the mire of party politics the judicial ermine. In the purer and better days of the South—when Tennessee was under the rule of her own sons—our Judges never disgraced their positions by becoming huckstering demagogues. But it has been reserved to WILLIAM HUNTER and such as his tribe to make their high trusts subservient to their base uses of party politics. The interference of office holders in elections has always been condemned, but such conduct on the part of a Judge, is disgraceful, shameful and scandalous. The Judicial seat should be removed as far as possible from the contaminating influence of mere party politics, and every Judge owes it, not only to himself, but to the community whose interests are entrusted to his care, to avoid every occasion likely to impair the confidence reposed in the honor, integrity, wisdom, and impartiality of the bench. Now, it is manifest that the dual position which Judge HUNTER at present occupies—that of a Judge on the Bench and a politician on the stump—is degrading to his own character, and injurious to the Court over which he presides, and dangerous to the interest of the people. It is without precedent; and of all times in our history, this is the very worst period to set such an example. The issues of this contest are two momentous to allow men to think calmly, or become mere impassive spectators to the events of the times in which we live. But the political stump speaker, such as Judge HUNTER has become, enlisted on the side of fanaticism, and fighting under the black flag of persecution, whose very life is turmoil, dissension and fraternal hatred, is least of all men, able to take a fair and impartial view of any question, in any way connected with the men or the principles of the party to which we have alluded, or the men and principles of the party, who are opposing his nefarious designs. Judge HUNTER is no longer Judge HUNTER in the estimation of all right thinking men. He is WILLIAM HUNTER, a dirty intriguer for Radicalism and their party candidates. He is BROWNLOW'S champion, and as such his associations are not those of the Bench and the Bar, but of the political club. Whatever may be the merits of the best man who ever sat in judgment since the days of SOLOMON, there is one thing common to him with his race; he is human. Though education and honor may fence his heart around against the violent attacks or insidious approaches of passion or interest, he is still human, and as such is liable to err. It is not difficult for a partisan to pass from the bench, and, as he dons his judicial raiment, forever doff his uniform as a political leader. This thing occurs constantly. But far otherwise is it when the case is reversed; when the Judge only temporarily abandons his high seat of office; not closing finally the great volume of the law, whose interpretation is committed to his hands, but merely turning over the leaf, steps down from the bench, tucks up his robe, and rushes headlong into the most exciting scenes that have ever divided our citizens against each other. To see a judge returning hot and dusty from the passionate turmoils of party strife is a humiliating spectacle. As Radicalism spreads its baleful and paralyzing influence over the South we may expect to be cursed with the bitter fruits of a harvest sown in error. In the North the pulpit and the press are alike venal—alike marketable—both equally ready and willing to yield its influence and exert its power to propagate fanaticism. In that deluded region the judge changed his consecrated desks into political forums and openly spouts partizan political slang. Judge HUNTER is trying to inaugurate the same despicable customs in this community. He has desecrated the Bench, and the ermine which hangs so loosely and unjustly upon his shoulders is stained with filth. We may next expect to hear some sanctimonious hypocrite thundering politics from the pulpit. Then will follow Millerism, Spiritualism, Free Loveism, Black Crookism, Ketchumism and all the degrading isms which have made the North a very Babel, bound together as of old by a common and impious design—that of licentiousness, corruption and self aggrandizement. But as their prototypes were scattered, driven forth and confounded by the decrees of Heaven, so we believe the conservative intelligence and patriotism of the people of the South will crush out these rank heresies and their insane propagators, and that the minds of men, purified and ennobled by the very darkness of error through which they have groped, will spurn the delusions of the gambling tricksters who gloat and fatten upon the prejudices of a misguided people, and that they will preserve inviolate the foundation stones upon which was reared the purest society that ever blessed a people.

WE have the most encouraging news from every part of the State. The disgraceful conduct of BROWNLOW'S melish—made up of the scum of society—has aroused the people. Men heretofore indifferent and despondent are now zealous and enthusiastic for ETHERIDGE and the Conservative party. The old money loving codgers begin to see that if the Radicals triumph they will pass their infamous Indemnity Bill, and actuated by interest, the money lovers are moving to the rescue from the same instincts that a turtle scrambles when a coal of fire has been placed upon his back. Men of principle who have heretofore been undecided, are now thoroughly aroused to a full appreciation of the dangers that threaten and the interests involved in the struggle, and are now most heartily co-operating with the friends of equality and peace. A friend writing to us from Knoxville, 1st inst., says: "Mr. ETHERIDGE filled his appointment here on yesterday. I had been taught to fear that he was wanting in prudence, but in this I was misinformed. His speech here could not have been improved in a single particular by any man on earth. His manner was calm and deliberate; his style clear, elegant and forcible; his views comprehensive and statesmanlike, and his heart full of patriotism and justice to all classes—making for the occasion, one of the most patriotic, eloquent, able and convincing speeches that I have ever had the good fortune to hear. I am now satisfied that he is, by far, the best nomination that we could have made, and I would not now have had it otherwise for any consideration. He is really a jewel to our party, and we must cherish and care for him as we would the apple of our eye. What Governor BROWNLOW may do in registering and unregistering of voters, none of us know, but such expositions as we had here yesterday from ETHERIDGE, will, sooner or later, strike off the shackles of the franchise law, and set the people free. The condition of things, so far as public sentiment is concerned, in East Tennessee, is improving rapidly. We have gained greatly since the Convention at Nashville, having today not less than half the voters, and at least three-fourths of the white population of this division of the State, with us."

In West Tennessee we have the most encouraging prospects. Our gallant standard bearer for Congress is working like a beaver, and with splendid results. He made a most powerful speech at Bolivar on Monday last; but we are happy to say that he made no proselytes to our cause, for the very good reason that everybody in Hardeman is already enlisted for the Conservative cause. Mr. LEFTWICH'S speech has been represented to us a powerful one. He is the worthy champion of a glorious cause. His election is certain. He has, however, much labor before him; but in such a cause as ours who would not work hard? We are rejoiced to hear that our distinguished fellow citizen General WILLIAM WALLACE has taken the stump for the Conservative cause. He too addressed a large crowd at Bolivar on Monday last. A gentleman who was present and heard the speech represents it as one of the most terrible onslaughts upon Radicalism that has been made during the canvass. It was eloquent, bold, defiant and aggressive—the right sort of a war to make upon a party whose hands are reeking with corruption, and composed mostly of dirty adventurers and the off-scourings of Northern society. Men who come in our midst to button on the hard earnings of a poor, down-trodden, oppressed people—who arogate to themselves rights they deny to men born upon the soil of Tennessee—are not deserving of respect, and we join General WALLACE in branding them in the main not only usurpers but scoundrels. Let the war be carried into Africa. General WALLACE is the SCIPIO for the occasion, and he has already made an advance movement. The position which he occupies will enable him to be of great service to the Conservative party. He was a Federal soldier in the late war and did gallant service for the cause he so zealously espoused. General WALLACE is vitally and essentially a Union man—a Union man in head and in heart, in practice and in faith—that kind of a Union man whose constant prayer has been that the Union may last—

"Until the stars shall cease to shine,
The sun himself grow dim with age,
And nature sink in years."

Occupying this position he will be enabled to give the lie to the slanders which the Radicals are daily making against the Conservatives. We are rejoiced to learn that General WALLACE will speak at various points in this district during the balance of the canvass. He addresses the people of Grand Junction on Saturday next. General WALLACE must be a courageous hero, or he would not dare to make a speech where the little lion SMITH used to make his lair; where he used to bawl, like a sucking calf, "*here's ye mornin' Avalan-cha, the best secesh paper in the South.*" General WALLACE has publicly invited General SMITH to meet him in discussion at Grand Junction, the theater of SMITH'S dirty rascality; but "the gentleman from Hardeman" is not fond of tooth pulling—too prudent to stick his ugly, kiln-dried face into a hornet's nest, and of course he will carry out the tactics he adopted during the war—beat an inglorious retreat.

It will be seen from the following extract from the Nashville *Union and American* that Mr. J. M. BEARD, of Memphis, has been selected to deliver the valedictory of one of societies of the Cumberland University, at Lebanan, Tennessee. Mr. BEARD is a young man of genius, and a son of our much esteemed fellow citizen J. L. BEARD. We congratulate the father upon the promises of his son:

WORTHILY WORN HONORS.—Mr. G. A. Winston, son of Dr. J. D. Winston of this city, has been selected by his fellow students of the Law Department of Cumberland University, at Lebanon, Tennessee, to deliver the valedictory to the graduating class, at the annual commencement in June. Mr. J. M. Beard, of Memphis, is to deliver the valedictory to the Delta Kappa Epsilon Society at the close of the session. We are informed that these young gentlemen are worthy of the honors thus conferred upon them, and that they will fully justify the partiality of their fellows, in the discharge of the duties thus assigned to them.

In Eastport, Maine, recently, six Indians were married to white girls.

A woman in Detroit has been arrested for smuggling tea in her *stockings*.

A man recently sold a home in California for $14,000.

# BY TELEGRAPH

## MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

## WASHINGTON.

STATEMENT OF THE PUBLIC DEBT.

WASHINGTON, June 5.

Bearing coin interest, $394,189; debt bearing currency interest, $655,601,765; matured debt not presented for payment, $971,302,032; bearing ditto, (in trust,) $418,001,792 46; total debt, $2,395,704,051; less amount of coin in treasury, $9,875,841,961; in currency, $7,265,616,498; amount of debt, less the cash in the treasury, $251,561,693,690. Since May the first the debt bearing coin interest has increased $614,405. The debt bearing currency interest has decreased $414,239,45. The material debt not presented for payment has decreased $222,915,20; and the debt bearing no interest has increased $366,295. The amount of coin in the treasury has decreased $155,492,025,48. The currency balance has increased $38,827,606,74. While the amount of debt less cash in the treasury shows a decrease of $83,701,50 26.

It is ascertained that Mr. Durant telegraphed this morning to General Sheridan, in response to the appointment tendered him by that officer as Governor of Louisiana, most emphatically declining the honor.

## NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, June 5.

The Board of Levee Commissioners appointed by Governor Wells met to-day and perfected their organization by selecting Robert R. Steele President, E. Horgomer Chief Engineer, and N. C. Stether as Secretary. The selections are excellent, and give general satisfaction, as it assures the immediate rebuilding and repairing of the levees of this State.

General Longstreet publishes a letter this morning in the *Republican* containing the following paragraph: "The Military bill and amendments are peace offerings, and we should accept them as such, and place ourselves upon them as the starting point from which to meet the future political issues as they arise."

Governor Wells publishes a letter, addressed to the Presidents, protesting against his removal. Another very caustic one is addressed to Sheridan, in which he says "there is not a word of truth in the charge that he was impeding the execution of the laws of Congress."

## FOREIGN.

BERLIN, June 5.

It is semi-officially reported that the Prussian government has refused to comply with the expressed desire of Napoleon that it would pledge itself against any future arming of the fortress of Radstadt.

LONDON, June 5—p.m.

Consols closed at 94½ for money. American stocks are somewhat irregular; 5-20s firm and higher; Illinois Central and Erie lower; closing quotations are: 5-20s, 73; Illinois Central, 78¾; Erie, 41.

LIVERPOOL, June 5—p.m.

Cotton quiet during the afternoon, and prices are easier, though not quotably lower. Sales barely 10,000 bales. Uplands 11¾d; Orleans 11¾d. Breadstuffs unchanged. Pork declined 1s; Eastern prime mess 79s. Beef, bacon and lard unchanged. Cheese declined 1s 6d; American 60s per 100 lbs. Produce unchanged. Tallow 3d lower; sales at 45s 9d.

## NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 5.

Three thousand one hundred and eighty-four emigrants arrived to-day.

An Omaha dispatch says the earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad in running order to North Platte, are officially reported as $261,782 87 for May. The track laying is progressing westward rapidly.

## LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, June 5.

The river is falling, with eight feet ten inches in the canal.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 5.

Cotton firm and unchanged; sales, 1,800 bales. Flour dull, and 20@30c lower; superfine State and Western, $6@9 50. Whisky quiet and unchanged. Wheat nominally unchanged; Chicago, $2 20. Rye quiet and lower, $1 80. Corn heavy, and 4@5c lower; new mixed Western, $1 12@1 15. Oats unchanged; Western, 82@84. Rice firm. Coffee and sugar steady. Molasses firm. Pork heavy and lower, $22 88@23 for new mess.

CINCINNATI MARKET.

CINCINNATI, June 5.

Flour dull and nominal; family $12 25@13. Wheat, afloat, No. 2 winter offered at $2 50. Corn dull and nominal at 86@88c, in bulk. Rye, $1 50. Whisky dull at $2 30@2 31, free. Provisions dull. Mess pork, $22 50; bulk shoulders, 8c; sides, 10c; bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard, 12½c. Dried apples, $5@6. Peaches, $10@15.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, June 5.

Tobacco heavy but not lower. Cotton dull; middling, 24c. Hemp, $1 65 for choice unwashed. Flour dull and 25c lower. Wheat dull and nominally lower; good fall, $2 50; prime, $2 60; choice, $2 75. Corn 3@5c lower; mixed and good yellow, 90@92c; prime and choice, 93@96. Oats steady, 83@87c. Rye declined, $1 25@1 45. Provisions steady and unchanged. Lard dull and nominal.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

NEW YORK, June 5.

Money is active and firm at 6@7 for call loans; prime discounts, 7@7½. The disbursements at the Sub-Treasury will be heavy throughout the week, and these, in time, will bring relief to the market. Sterling exchange firm and quiet at 10@10¼. Gold steady at 136¾@136¾. The shipments of specie to-day were $424,615. Governments steady. Stocks weak. Tennessee bonds, 57@67½. Receipts at the Sub-Treasury, $5,704,521; including for customs, $900,000, and gold notes, $700,000. Payments, $2,440,193. Balance, $128,008,764.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

LOUISVILLE, June 5.

Tobacco—sales 337 hhds., at full rates; lugs to good leaf, $25 to $27. Superfine flour, $8@9 75. Wheat, nominal, $2 25@2 50. Corn, 90c, for sheiled; ear, 70c@75c, in bulk. Oats, 78c@80c, in bulk. Rio coffee, active, 23c@26c. Mess pork $22 25; bacon shoulders 9½c., packed; clear sides 12c@12¾c. Lard, tierces, 12¼c. Cotton 23½c. Whisky, fine, nominally $2 20.

### MARRIED.

In this city, Wednesday, 5th instant, at Calvary Church, by Bishop Quintard, WILLIAM E. BAILEY, late of the Federal army, now of Bendimere Place, Ark., to MRS. MARY B. MARTIN, of Tallahatchie, Miss.

### FUNERAL NOTICE.

The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. John P. Hoffman are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of their infant son, JOHN P., from their residence corner of Depree street and Lauderdale avenue, this (Thursday) morning, 6th inst., at nine o'clock.

Carriages at Owen Smith's and residence.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

—OF—

### DAMAGED GOODS.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

### DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

NOTIONS, BOOTS & SHOES.

DAMAGED BY THE LATE FIRE, WILL BE EXPOSED FOR SALE AT

### No. 213 Main Street,

NEXT TO WARD & LEGUERE'S DRUG STORE.

THE GOODS MUST

**Be Sold Regardless of Cost or Value.**

Country Merchants will do well to look at this Stock.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.

### M. KRAUS & CO.'S

No. 213 Main Street,
Next to Ward & LeGuere's Drug Store. jel 1f

### STATE FEMALE COLLEGE.

ANNIVERSARY EXERCISES OF THIS INSTITUTION as follows:

1. Commencement Sermon, by Rev. Dr. Mann, in the College Chapel, Sunday, June 9 at eleven o'clock, a.m.

2. Examination of the classes begins Monday, June 10, at nine o'clock, a.m., and continues through Tuesday.

3. Vocal and Instrumental Concert, Tuesday evening, June 11, at eight o'clock.

4. Wednesday evening, June 12, at eight o'clock, Oration by Hon. J. W. Clapp—after which, the Essays of the Graduates and conferring Degrees.

Parties coming to attend Commencement of the Memphis Train, for Commencement will run at $1 for the round trip. Orders may be left at the office of the Company, 190 Monroe street, or at the Ticket office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company, Bethell's Block. C. COLLINS, Pres't. jel 1t

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Notice.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, EIGHTH DISTRICT, TENNESSEE,
MEMPHIS, June 5, 1867.

To the citizens of the Eighth Collection District, State of Tennessee:

Notice is hereby given that from the 26th to the 29th day of June, 1867, at my office, No. 4½ Madison street, I will receive and determine appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations by the Assessor or Assistant Assessors, returned in the annual list for 1867.

All appeals to the Assessor, as aforesaid, shall be made in writing, and shall specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is required; and shall, moreover, state the ground or principle of error complained of.

HALSEY F. COOPER, Assessor. jel 1t

### Administrator's Sale.

I will sell at the auction house of Miles & Stoddard, the household Furniture and a Gold Watch and Chain belonging to the Estate of Mrs. T. P. Killen, deceased, on Thursday, June 13th. J. M. McLEFFERSH, Adm'r.

A. M. STODDARD, Auctioneer. jel 1w

F. M. WHITE, President of Miss & Formerly of Augusta, Tenn. R. R. Georgia.
JOHN KERR, Late of Gordon & Rooms, St. Louis.
GEO. F. ROOTES,

WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,

### Cotton Factors

—AND—

### General Commission & Forwarding Merchants,

No. 394 Main Street, Dayton Block. } MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, etc., solicited and all orders promptly filled. jel-1m

DUNCAN K. McRAE, Late of North Carolina.
MARLAND L. PERKINS, U. S. District Attorney.
S. P. WALKER, Jr.

McRAE, PERKINS & WALKER,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Memphis, Tennessee.
jel-1m

### ELSONS

### AGAIN IN THE FIELD,

**Not Afraid of Honorable Competition**

**Not to be Undersold by Anyone.**

ANOTHER GREAT CLEARING SALE TO COMMENCE MONDAY and continue until our entire summer stock is reduced.

**Goods to be Sold Regardless of Cost.**

Examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere. Everything marked in plain figures, and there will be no deviation from these prices.

All our CALICOES reduced down to 15cents—best brands.
RED TICKING, from 17 to 25 cents.
BLEACHED DOMESTICS at very low prices.

### COME AND EXAMINE OUR PRICES.

WHITE GOODS—A special bargain.
WHITE JACONETS, from 10c to 20 cents—a very fine article.
CHECK MUSLINS, from 25 to 35 cents.
NAINSOOKS, from 10 to 25 cents.
WHITE IRISH LINEN, at 45 cents per yard—richly worth 75.
TABLE LINEN, at only 50 cents per yard—1¼ yards wide.
MARSEILLES QUILTS, 10-4, at only $2 50—cheap at $3.

☞ REMEMBER ☜

### ELSON BROS.'

### MAMMOTH CHEAP STORE,

No. 297 Main Street,
jel 1f

GEORGE MACKEY. S. S. HAWLEY. E. J. S. L. WISE

GEORGE, MACKEY & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

### Cotton Factors

AND

General Commission Merchants,

Dealers in

### GROCERIES

AND

### PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.,

No. 272 Front Street between Court and Madison.
jes-1f

### NO GIFT ENTERPRISE

OR ANY OTHER SWINDLE.

**Missouri and Kentucky State & Havana Lotteries**

**Only Legal Lotteries in United States**

THEY are drawn under State Charters; have been drawn for over FORTY YEARS.

Bonds must be and are deposited with U. S. Collector as Security.

The prizes are drawn in public by two sworn Commissioners appointed by the State.

Must be drawn if tickets are sold or not.

PRIZES ALL CASH.

There are two State Drawings each day, and two Havana Drawings each month.

Drawings can be seen two hours after purchase of tickets.

One-half the Tickets are Prizes.

Prizes paid on day of purchase.

Tickets $1 to $20, according to Scheme.

Prizes $1 to $100,000, according to Scheme.

Sole Agent, GEO. W. NAN YOAST, No. 20 Jefferson street
je-6m

### Notice.

OFFICE MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, May 30, 1867.

W. B. Waldran, Secretary and Treasurer:

You will notify subscribers for Bonds of this Company to pay calls due on 15th inst., and proceed according to law against all parties who fail to respond.

R. C. BRINKLEY, President.

Subscribers will take notice and govern themselves accordingly. W. B. WALDRAN, Secretary and Treasurer.
MEMPHIS, June 4, 1867. jes 1w

### Dissolution

THE FIRM OF STEBBINS & PULLEN, existing at Memphis, Tenn., is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. Charles Stebbins has sold his entire interest therein to Messrs. PULLEN & HAMMOCK, they will assume all liabilities, and are authorized to close its affairs.

CHARLES STEBBINS,
BEN. K. PULLEN,
MEMPHIS, June 1, 1867.

THE undersigned having purchased of Charles Stebbins his interest in the firm of Stebbins & Pullen, at Memphis, will continue the China, Glass and Queensware business at the same stand, No. 221 Main street, under the name and style of

PULLEN & HAMMOCK,

And will be grateful for a share of the continued friendship and patronage heretofore given to the old firm of Muir, Stebbins & Pullen. BEN. K. PULLEN,
R. L. HAMMOCK.

THE undersigned, in disposing of his interest in the late concern of Muir, Stebbins & Pullen, and Stebbins & Pullen, at Memphis, Tenn., returns his thanks to the patrons of the old firm, and solicits for his successors, Messrs.

PULLEN & HAMMOCK,

A continuation of the patronage so liberally bestowed heretofore. CHARLES STEBBINS.
MEMPHIS, June 1, 1867. jes 1w

### Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

TRAINS leave as follows (city time): Through Express at 3 o'clock, Sundays excepted, 6:30 a.m.; through Mail, 6:10 p.m. Somerville accommodation at 3:40 p.m.; Junction accommodation, 12:35 p.m. Trains arrive as follows: Through Express, daily, 1:40 a.m.; Through Mail, 1:40 p.m.; Somerville accommodation, 8:10 a.m.; Junction accommodation, 9:45 a.m.

Express connects at Grand Junction with afternoon train on the Mississippi Central Railroad for Holly Springs, Water Valley, Grenada, Jackson, Vicksburg, New Orleans, La., etc.

At Corinth for Okolona, Columbus, Miss., Mobile, Ala., etc.

At Decatur for Columbia, Nashville Louisville, Cincinnati, etc.

At Chattanooga, for all points in Eastern Alabama, Georgia, North and South Carolina, Virginia, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, etc.

Through Mail connects at Grand Junction with Trains for Bolivar, and Jackson, Tenn.

At Decatur, for Athens, Ala., Pulaski, Columbia, Nashville, etc.

The Junction accommodation makes close connection with the Mississippi Central going South.

At Chattanooga, trains connect for same points as by express rain. Baggage checked through.

For tickets and further information, apply at the office, corner Main and North streets.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent.
A. A. HARNES, General Ticket Agent.
S. H. SHOCK, Passenger Agent. ap17

### Grand Picnic,

TO AID in the Erection of ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH, will take place

**On Monday, June 3d,**

ON WELLINGTON STREET, BETWEEN VANCE AND LAUDERDALE, a mission on the grounds. Fifty cents is in consequence of the unfavorable weather deterring many persons from attending the picnic on Monday last, Leath Orphan Asylum grounds, the tickets for that occasion will be good at this picnic.

jes1d

### Dissolution

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of COLEMAN, WILLIAMS & CO., is by mutual consent this day dissolved. Either party is authorized to settle the business of the firm, and can be found at the OLD STAND, No. 288 Front street.

R. F. COLEMAN.
V. W. WILLIAMS.
MEMPHIS, June 1, 1867. jes1awsw

C. W. METCALF,

### Attorney at Law,

Over No. 290 Main Street, Bethell Block.
jel 1m

## AUCTION.

### Auction Sales.

By MILES & STODDARD, 371 Main Street,

(Jackson Block.)

SALES DAILY at 10 o'clock. Consignments of every description solicited. Sales made for account of underwriters. Special attention given to entire sales. We guarantee prompt returns. We have ample room for storing.

A. M. STODDARD,
Formerly with W. H. Passmore & Co. Auctioneer.
mar3-1m

A. S. LEVY & CO.,

### AUCTION AND COMMISSION

NO. 350 SECOND STREET,

Sales every day. Quick sales and prompt returns. jel 2m

### At Auction

By A. S. LEVY & Co., 350 Second Street.

WE WILL SELL THIS MORNING AT TEN O'CLOCK,

20 kits MACKEREL,
30 boxes HERRINGS,
50 rolls BUFFS,
1 TOOL CHEST,
CHEESE, MATTRESSES, BEDSTEADS, ETC.

A. S. LEVY, Auctioneer.
jel 1t

### The Buntyn

### HOMESTEAD LANDS

*FOR SALE.*

WE have the pleasure of placing on the market these very desirable and valuable lands, so well known to the community as the Homestead Tract of the late Geraldine Buntyn, Esq., situated at the first station on the Memphis and Charleston railroad, five miles east of the city. The improvements, with about twenty acres of land, have been recently sold to Rome F. Hill, Esq., who now resides upon the premises. The balance of the tract, consisting of about 60 acres, has been laid off in lots varying in size from five to ten acres, fronting upon broad avenues, and laid off so as to secure the most eligible sites of comfort. The trains of the Memphis and Charleston railroad afford the opportunity of going in and out of the city, from and to Hunter's station, four times a day, so as to make a residence at this point almost as convenient as to live in the city itself.

The choices can now be had of lots wholly or part in original tenure, or in field.

IN EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.

The executors are directed by the will to sell this place and invest in city property, and we will receive propositions to exchange for either improved or vacant lots in the city.

To all parties looking for a suburban residence, we do not think any property more desirable can be found, in regard to health, convenience or good society, within the same distance from the city.

The terms will be made very liberal and easy, and the prices low to parties desirous of buying for occupation.

Plans of the subdivision will be shown at our office.

BOOTES, TREZEVANT & CO.
mch7-tf

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### Administrator's Notice.

HAVING been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the Estate of Henry Blake, deceased, at the May term, 1867, of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., this is to notify all persons owing said Estate to make immediate payment to me, and all persons having claims against the same must present them to me, properly probated, within the time prescribed by law. G. W. ISBELL, Administrator.
jel 1awtw No. 320 Front street.

### Removal.

O. C. BOONE & CO.

HAVE REMOVED THEIR OFFICE

*To the "Avalanche" Building,*

Jefferson st., between Main and Front.
je-1-1m MEMPHIS, TENN.

### PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE

MEMPHIS.

No. 12 Madison Street.

D. A. SHEPHERD, Cashier. F. W. SMITH, President.
jel 2m

### BARTLETT'S

### PATENT POLAR REFRIGERATOR

—AND—

### WATER COOLER COMBINED

IS the best and only perfect PROVISION PRESERVER in the world, and will keep Meats, Fish, Milk, Vegetables, Fruits, etc., longer, dryer and colder, with LESS ICE, than any other Refrigerator in use.

THE POLAR REFRIGERATOR

Is the only one patented having a condensing surface exposed to the provision chambers, to extract the moisture and impurities from the air. Sold only by

jel 1f MCKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.

### RECEIVER'S SALE.

WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION,

ON TUESDAY, June 4th, 1867,

AT TEN O'CLOCK, A.M., AT NO. 267 MAIN STREET, to close out the entire stock of

### DRY GOODS

—AND—

### GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

AT THE OLD STAND OF M. CHRISTAL.

The sale to continue from day to day until the entire stock is sold. Great chances for bargains, as the goods must be sold.

By order of the Honorable Chancery Court of the city of Memphis. M. C. CAYCE, Auctioneer. jel 2t

### WM. T. JONES,

### ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BROWNSVILLE, ARK.

Prompt attention given to Collection of Claims.
jel dawlm

### Grand Floral Festival and Concert,

BY THE PUPILS OF

THE MEMPHIS LADIES' INSTITUTE,

On Tuesday, June 11, 1867,

AT THE GREENLAW OPERA HOUSE.

Admission One Dollar.
mch30-10t

### Sealed Proposals

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, May 30, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 2 o'clock, m. of Monday, the 10th day of June, 1867, for GRADING CLINTON STREET, from Union to Hernando street; also, the first Alley south of Howard's Row, and for shaping Union street, from Front to Clinton streets.

Information relative to the work can be obtained at this office.

The Mayor or Improvement Committee reserve the right to reject any or all proposals that they may deem prejudicial to the public interest. FRANCIS FORTER,
City Engineer

### REPETITION OF TABLEAUX VIVANTS

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

### GRACE CHURCH

TO BE GIVEN ON

Wednesday Evening, June 6, at Greenlaw Hall,

Corner of Second and Union Streets,

BY The Ladies connected with the Church, at the urgent solicitation of many citizens and patrons of the late Fair. The beautiful Tableaux will be repeated, with several new and elegant additions.

Tickets, One Dollar; to be had at the principal music and book stores and at the door on the evening of the Tableaux.

Doors open at 7½ o'clock. Tableaux at 8½ o'clock.
jel 4t

### Notice.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE, May 31, 1867.

PROFILES of the proposed Grades of Clinton Street, from Union to Beale, and of Gayoso, Hunt and Mitchell streets, from Shelby to Clinton avenue; of Lauderdale street to the river; also, of the intersecting Alleys—are on file at this office, subject to the inspection of property holders.

FRANCIS FORTER,
City Engineer.
may31-10t

### ELECTION NOTICE.

IN pursuance of the Amended Charter of the city of Memphis, and of an Ordinance passed on the 31st of May, 1867, by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, the Sergeant-at-Arms will hold an Election

ON SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1867,

At the following named places, to-wit: at No. 4 Engine House, on Main street; No. 2 Engine House, on Adams street, and the Engine House on Shelby street; for the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the qualified voters of Memphis on the subject of issuing ($50,000) fifty hundred thousand dollars of City Bonds for paying purposes.

Those in favor of issuing the Bonds will say on the ballot "BONDS," and those who oppose the issuance of the Bond will say "NO BONDS."

The polls will be opened at ten o'clock a.m. and close at p.m.

W. O. LOF

# THE DAILY AVALANCHE

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

THURSDAY, ..... JUNE 6, 1867


Arrival and Departure of Trains.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD.

| | ARRIVE. | DEPART. |
|---|---|---|
| Through Express Daily (Sundays excepted) | 1:30 A.M. | 2:30 A.M. |
| Memphis Mail Daily | 2:00 P.M. | 2:30 P.M. |
| Accommodation Daily | 5:30 A.M. | 6:00 A.M. |
| Junction Accommodation | 1:30 A.M. | 2:30 A.M. |

MISSISSIPPI AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.

| | ARRIVE. | DEPART. |
|---|---|---|
| New Orleans Mail | 4:30 A.M. | 4:30 P.M. |
| Way Freight | 10:00 A.M. | 5:00 P.M. |
| Freight Daily, except Sunday | 3:30 P.M. | 4:30 A.M. |

MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD.

| | ARRIVE. | DEPART. |
|---|---|---|
| Day Express | 4:30 P.M. | 5:30 A.M. |
| Night Express | 4:30 A.M. | 4:30 P.M. |

Ticket office 20½ Main, corner of Jefferson street.

TO THE COUNTRY PRESS.—The proprietors of the AVALANCHE are prepared to furnish a fine quality of printing ink black and colored, at the lowest prices, for CASH. In ordering, let the kind of press used be stated. tf

Parasols of every description at very low prices, at Lindauer & Pollock's 290 Main street. tf

Fine lawns, mozambique grenadines at twenty-five cents per yard, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 290 Main street. tf

STATE AND COUNTY TAXES.—Attention is called to the notice of Collector Garvin, in another column, calling for prompt action in the matter. apl9-tf

Straw, cork, Chinese hats, all styles, at Miller & Leidy's, opposite Court Square. 7t

The "Croquet Hat," a nobby hat, just received, 289 Main street, Miller & Leidy's. 7t

Gentlemen's dress hats, new styles, just received at Miller & Leidy's, 289 Main street. 7t

THE GRAVEST MALADIES OF YOUTH AND EARLY MANHOOD.—Howard Association Essays, on the physiology of the premises, and the errors, abuses and diseases peculiar to the first age of man, with reports on new methods of treatment employed in this Institution. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philadelphia Pa. 3m

The "Sitka hat" at Memphis Hat Company's opposite Court Square, No. 289. 7t

The place for fans, 232 Main street. 3t

"Reconstruction hat" at Memphis Hat Company's, opposite Court Square, No. 289. 7t

Linen lawns, at thirty-five cents, at 232 Main street. 3t

ALWAYS AHEAD.—New styles of hats at Miller & Leidy's, opposite Court Square. 7t

Hats of all styles at 289 Main street, opposite Court Square. 7t

Straw hats, all styles, at Miller & Leidy's, 289 Main street, opposite Court Square. 7t

The "Cabie Hat"—an elegant straw hat—at Miller & Leidy's, 289 Main street, opposite Court Square. 7t

Eagle trimmings, all colors, buttons of every variety, at 232 Main street. tf

229 Main street. 3t

Ladies' dress goods very cheap at 229 Main street. 3t

Chinese hats at Miller & Leidy's, opposite Court Square. 7t

GREAT DISCOVERY—NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL.—Hesperian pills are the tonic the nerves crave for. Fever and Ague. They contain no poisons or injurious drugs, and may be given to any infant with implicit confidence and safety. Price only $1, at the drug stores.

WM. DORSCH & Co., Proprietors,
St. Louis, Missouri.

The new style of hoop skirt, "The Pride of the South," at E. G. Payne's, 232 Main street. 3t

DO JUSTICE TO NATURE.—It is ingratitude to nature not to preserve and keep in splendid order a good set of teeth. Nothing can be easier. All that is needed is to brush them briskly night and morning with purifying Sozodont. It will make the mouth a perfumed palace. sodlw

Cork, cork, cork hats, at Miller & Leidy's, 289 Main street, opposite Court Square. 7t

Do you want dry goods cheap? You can get them at E. G. Payne's, 232 Main street. 3t

Four-quarters bleached domestics at only fifteen cents per yard, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 290 Main street. tf

PERSONAL.—We had the pleasure of a visit yesterday from Captain C. W. S. Brown, the indefatigable and efficient general southern agent of that great trunk way, the Little Miami, whose immediate connections are more extensive than any other line in the North. The Captain is luxuriating at the magnificent and sumptuous Gayoso. He goes home on the Southern tour, and will have an eye to comfort and safety will make the trip on that palatial and unequaled steamer, the R. E. Lee.

Silk parasols, at $1 25, at 232 Main street. 3t

All styles hats at the Memphis Hat Company's.

Every variety of dress goods to be found at low prices, at 290 Main street. tf

RECEIVER'S SALE.—The great sale of dry goods at the old stand of M. Christal, 267 Main street, will be continued to-day and every day after until the stock is closed out, there being a large stock on hand yet. A great chance for bargains at 267 Main street, this morning at ten o'clock.

M. C. CAICE & Co., Auctioneers.

Mozambiques and grenadines, only 25 cents a yard, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 290 Main street. tf

RECITAL OF DEEDS AND MORTGAGES.—A. G. Slagle to Amos Beattie, mortgage on personal property to secure $101.

John M. Leonard to J. C. Lamot, quit claim deed, lot on corner South Carolina and Ninth streets.

J. C. Lamot to R. D. Goodlett, deed $500, lot on South Carolina street, Fort Pickering.

Just received a new stock of white Marseilles and linen lawns, selling at panic prices, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 290 Main street. tf

THE GREAT WALK BEGUN.—The great pedestrian feat of walking one hundred and twenty miles in one hundred and twenty consecutive hours began last evening at four o'clock, making the first mile in seventeen minutes and a quarter minutes. There was not a large crowd, but judging from the appearance of the lad, betting was freely offered against his accomplishing the feat. We prediet a large concourse at the Trotting Park to-day. We wish the lad success.

Thirty springs hoop skirts, for only $1; be sure to secure one, at 290 Main street. tf

MUNICIPAL COURT.—There was no important business in this Court yesterday. A motion to quash the indictment against Jas. Megibben was argued. Adjourned until ten a. m.

Good lawns, at 15 cents per yard, at Lindauer & Pollock's. tf

ALL NATIONS.—Irish, Scotch, English, Italian, French and German papers. They can be had at St. Louis, Kennard, Chicago and Louisville dailies. The Waverly and fifty-seven other weekly papers; all of the very latest, at Emmons & Son's, with magazines and novels. Also Scotch patterns for Spring and Summer. All tailors should have them.

There is not a store in the city that has a better stock of dress goods, or selling cheaper, than Lindauer & Pollock, 290 Main street. tf

CIRCUIT COURT.—John Anderson and Lem. Morton, convicted of murder in the first degree, were brought out yesterday and a motion for a new trial overruled. The Court commuted the sentence to imprisonment for life.

State of Tennessee vs. W. G. Weckham, found guilty of aggravated assault and battery; fine $500 and imprisonment two months in the county jail. Motion for a new trial overruled and appealed. The required bonds were given.

State of Tennessee vs. Wm. Pinkard, cow stealing, was next taken up.

The civil docket will be taken up to-day, and the first cases ready will be tried. No special calendar is set.

All colors of bogie trimmings and gimp, in large variety, at Lindauer & Pollock's, 290 Main street. tf

There will be a meeting of the Chelsea Division of Sons of Temperance at the Baptist Church, on Fifth street, in Chelsea, this evening at eight o'clock, for the purpose of installing the officers; every member is expected to attend.

GRAND AND PECULIAR.—Not the goods, though they are immense in quantity, of late styles, and only slightly damaged by water, but peculiar is the chance to get bargains. M. Krouse & Co. have temporarily rented the store No. 213 Main street, and are moving into it their stock of boots, shoes, clothing and dry goods that were saved from the recent fire. They will sell regardless of cost, will sell to close out the concern, and will sell at prices that must satisfy all customers. They are determined to sell off their stock at once, and those who call at No. 213 Main street will find there a very large stock of the best kind of goods.

EDWARD WILDER'S SOUTHERN REMEDIES.—We deem it our duty to again call the attention of the public to these preparations. They are among the few patent medicines which are prepared in the South by a Southern man, who is not only known to be a man of ability and thoroughly conversant with the peculiar diseases of the Southern climate, but who has also attained an enviable reputation as a gentleman of the strictest integrity, and upon the veracity of whose statements the public may confidently rely. The approaching warm weather will be prolific of chills, fevers and disorders, and much suffering may be avoided and many lives saved by the timely use of Wilder's Southern Remedies. They are sold only by responsible parties. They are sold only by Wm. DORSCH & Co., St. Louis, Mo.—To the advertisement of this excellent drug house in St. Louis we call special attention. They are said by the leading druggists in this city to be obliging, honest and reliable, good merchants and clever gentlemen. They offer everything in their line of business at reasonable rates and favorable to our Southern trade. We commend them to our people.

## PERSONAL.

John Haines is charged with stealing a number of silver watches from James Kinnoff, on Beale street.

Ed. Hartley threw his wife down stairs and fractured her skull.

Peter Geist was arrested on suspicion. He had burglars tools in his possession.

The Radical State Executive Committee held a meeting in Nashville yesterday.

Mike Carper had his pocket picked of seventy-two dollars, on Main street, yesterday.

The house of Mr. Peters, on Beale street, was robbed of eighty dollars and of one hundred and fifty dollars worth of clothes on Tuesday night.

Two negroes, named Levey and Jackson, are under arrest for burglary on Yates street.

Colonel Manlove, of the Vicksburg Times, left last evening on the steamer Robert E. Lee, bound for Vicksburg.

Sir William Wallace was arrested yesterday for stealing a watch and $10 from a gentleman who was sleeping in Court Square.

John Dashaff was arrested on the charge of burglary in robbing the house of Mrs. Green, on Second street, of eighty dollars worth of clothing, money and jewelry.

Ned Davis, a negro, is under arrest for stabbing Jim Thomas, another colored person, in a dance house on Gayoso street.

Henry Shideler was arrested for forging a check for five hundred dollars on the First National Bank of Cairo. The name, John Mahoney, was signed.

The first nines of the Junior Base Ball Clubs, Eagle and Confederate, will play a match on next Tuesday on the Eagle's grounds.

Jacob Snyder, of Holly Springs, made complaint yesterday of having been swindled out of two hundred dollars by two sharpers who represented themselves as members of a firm that furnished supplies to planters on favorable terms.

The police department, in addition to fines and forfeitures and blackmail, now draws at the rate of ninety-eight thousand dollars a year from the city.

Two colored men were yesterday on DeSoto street discussing the political situation. "I'se posed to dis getting dem from Arkansas to vote," said one. "Yes," said the other, "an I'll tell what it is, sich ober ridin aint gwine to do much good to colored folks." Sensible fellow.

A policeman named Keeb has been arrested for beating and attempting to kill a prisoner while in his cell.

A military gentleman, who served four years in the Federal army, was recently refused a certificate of registration as a voter. Testimonials from General Grant and General Meade, of distinguished services, were not considered sufficient proofs of his loyalty.

In answer to numerous inquiries, we state that the proceeds of the voting for the most popular school-ma'am in Memphis will go to purchasing apparatus for the Ice Institute—Mrs. Morgan's excellent school.

The majority of the committee of the Board of Aldermen, who were appointed to inquire into the charges against the City Surveyor, report that he admits guilty, but shouldn't do so any more. The minority think he was at least culpably negligent, and that J. M. Tighe reconstructed his weights, measures and bills after charges were preferred.

In quite a number of instances certificates of registration have been given out by Mr. Davis to parties who are known to be minors. Will loyalty claim that nobody can in that case challenge the voters or go behind the certificate? Will that stink of corruption, Lincoln Council, claim that the rejection of such votes will vitiate the election?

Allanthus trees are in flower. This every year brings out in some paper the profound remark of some original medical observer, that the unpleasant smell of the allanthus tree in bloom is positively unbearable to health. What doctor speaks first this season?

The weather is getting too warm for that manly sport, ball playing. Getting heated and then lying on the ground to rest is often extremely injurious to health. It would be wise for all fair ball clubs to suspend playing until cool weather returns.

A resident on Avery street has received a letter from his son at Windchester College, which states that, in consequence of misdemeanors of the negro troubles, caused there by Radical incendiarism and the threats of their negro dupes, the pupils of the college are to be sent to their homes before the close of the session.

The tableaux given by the ladies of Grace Church, under the supervision of that most estimable lady, Mrs. W. R. Hunt, at Greenlaw Opera House, formed one of the most beautiful exhibitions we have ever witnessed. The attendance, on account of such a short change in the programme to-night to-last last night—was not so large as would otherwise have been, but the audience was composed of the most elegant people of the city.

Last year those white men who applied for registration were asked in what civil districts they resided. This year no such questions are asked. Does this indicate that fraud is intended at the ballot box? Does it lead to a suspicion that the omission to ask Radicals where they live is done on purpose to facilitate the registration of Arkansas blacks?

The Radical howlers for free speech at the meeting on Tuesday night meant free speech for themselves. They mercilessly gagged any one who dared to express an opinion in opposition to the self nominated Eaton. This was in keeping with their hypocritical cant in favor of religion and temperance, yet making their black coadjutors drunk when the meeting was over.

A young candidate for ordination was recently rejected by one of our churches because he didn't believe enough in hell. He is going in preach on his own hook, and to get in the bang of it, is making coloured talks to the colored population, as to the difference in phraseology, "niggers are good to practice on." A good many Radical politicians are of the same opinion.

Two pretty hard specimens of the crowd of colored men who gazed Hunter and Rankin were locked, yesterday. "Hey they did so. Well," said they. "Barbour here is gave us all the liquor we wanted to drink and we hurraed, but didn't know much what it was about."

The names of several respectable colored men have been used in the Recent Radical meeting, and they disclaim having anything to do with it, or being either "Eaton or anti-Eaton men. Two of them, named Ned Adams and William Foster, say they were simply hooked in the same manner as many persons, and as the demonstration subsided, he said:

*Gentlemen of the Typographical Union*—It is an honor to be hooked by which you have bestowed upon me, and to demand I confess it an honor to have been thus received by those who are the representatives of a power in the State. I am confident that your capacity and skill will enable you

C. W. C. Bowen, Esq., of the Little Miami Railroad, is here looking after the interests of his road. He is a clever gentleman and has made many friends during his brief visit, which is about to terminate, as he leaves this evening for New Orleans.

The cars are running regularly and without interruption to Louisville, over the Memphis and Ohio railroad.

Another anti-Eaton movement is on the *tapis*. It seems that the meeting on Tuesday night was merely to originate a call for a State convention to nominate a Radical candidate for State Superintendent of Schools, in place of Eaton, and the genuine cuss's choke down opposition. The clamorous suppression of the right of free speech didn't make Eaton any more popular, and the opposition say that if Hunter and Rankin and others had been allowed to speak, the most ignorant supporters of Eaton would have slunk back in shame. They say that Eaton's friends dare not let the truth about his career here and elsewhere be known. They allege that Pinch has a chronic pique at Judge Hunter and Rankin.

The Brownlow party is pledged to pass the Indemnity tax bill, and if it does, the increased tax on Shelby county will be $450,000 every year more than it is at present assessed. If the property holders of Shelby county have to pay $450,000 more taxes than at present, how many new houses will they build? They will tax their tenants to make it up, consequently the poor man will be more pressed than at present, while all kinds of business will be stopped by the scarcity of money and the greater burdens here than in other States.

## THE NATIONAL TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION.

### Third Day's Proceedings.

### The Eight Hour System Endorsed.

### A Delegate Appointed to the National Labor Convention at Chicago.

### A Complimentary Excursion on the River To-night.

The National Typographical Union reassembled in the Chamber of Commerce, Odd Fellows' Hall, at ten o'clock a. m. yesterday, pursuant to adjournment.

At the stated hour the President, John H. Oberly, called the body to order, when the Secretary proceeded to call the roll and announced a quorum of delegates present for the transaction of business.

The minutes of the proceedings of the previous day were read and approved.

The hour for the special order having arrived, the next business taken up was that of selecting a place for the holding the sixteenth session of the National Union.

The chair, announcing the order, the following cities were placed in nomination, viz: Columbus, Ohio, by Mr. Riley; Washington, D. C., by Mr. Mullins; Cincinnati, Ohio, by Mr. Divine; Leavenworth, Kansas, by Mr. Hutchinson; Boston, Mass., by Mr. Bates; Montreal, Canada, by Mr. Troup; Albany, New York, by Mr. Divine.

Mr. Troup said Mr. Bates spoke in regard to the claims to selection; the former of Boston and the latter of Washington.

Mr. Divine withdrew the name of Cincinnati from the nomination, and spoke in favor of Albany.

The chair appointed Mr. Coghlan, of St. Louis, and Mr. Taylor, of Dubuque, as tellers.

A ballot being taken, it resulted as follows: Washington, 9; Columbus, 6; Leavenworth, 4; Boston, 1; Montreal, 1.

In announcing the above, Washington was declared by the Chair the next place of meeting, and the announcement was received with much enthusiasm.

The Union, for the next hour, went into Committee of the Whole upon the state of the craft throughout the country, with closed doors.

Regular business being resumed.

Mr. Cavis, from the Committee on Subordinate Unions, moved a reconsideration of the report submitted by him with a view to striking out the word admitting the memorial of John Holden, which was carried, and the memorial recommitted.

Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Returns, submitted an elaborate report, which was received and adopted. The report showed a membership of over five thousand members in good standing.

Mr. Riley, from the Committee on Unfinished Business, reported briefly relative to the constitutional amendments proposed at the last session of the Union. The report was received, and the recommendations adopted.

Mr. O'Connell, from the Committee on New Business, to which was referred the annual report of the Secretary and Treasurer, made a lengthy report with several recommendations, which were adopted.

Mr. Campbell, from the Special Committee on the President's Address, submitted a very elaborate report, as follows:

MEMPHIS, June 5, 1867.

*To the Officers and Members of the National Union:*

GENTLEMEN.—Your committee appointed to take into consideration the report of the President and accompanying documents, would beg leave to make the following report:

The first proposition that your committee would pass upon is the resolution offered by Mr. Cavis, of Washington, in regard to the employment of females as compositors in printing establishments.

We are clearly of the opinion that no hinderance should be placed in the way of white females, who have been unfortunate enough to have been thrown, by a change of circumstances, to earn a living at it. Ignoring the broad and philanthropic ground of the benefits the female sex would receive from connection with a body that knows its rights, and knowing how to maintain them; and passing by the extended sphere of usefulness such a connection would open up to the mind, tact and enterprise of the American female, your committee would place the reason for such action upon the more selfish one of interest. Every member who listens to the reading of this report knows the fact that the female heretofore has been employed by employers in opposition to civil toward Unions and Union men. In almost every case in which female labor has been introduced it has been used to the detriment, and some times to the destruction of Unions. We, as well as all Union man. Chicago, St. Louis, Boston, and dozens of other instances are examples of the truth of this fact. Is there any good reason for this state of warfare between male and female labor continuing? Your committee can see none. The interest of labor, whether that labor be of the male or the female gender, are identical and inseparable, and in no case can labor be made antagonistic without injury to both. Females have never paid the same price for work that males have, nor has the same ratio of compensation as that secured to the labor of the male, for the very simple reason there has never been any organization for mutual protection between female producers, and sordid capital has had full swing at this unprotected species of labor and has ground it into the dust. Capital, in introducing it into the printing business, has not sought its elevation, but, on the contrary, has been largely instrumental in degrading it, and, as consequence, the labor of the male has suffered in a like degree. The most experienced female in the science of economy knows that a thousand ems set by her brother, and that it cost her as much mental and physical exertion to compose that thousand ems as it did him; that she had to pay a fee forward the same as he, and in so great a degree, as he had to learn to set that thousand ems, and that, in common justice, it should command the same price. But she cannot get it, because she is a female, and the tyranny of unjust sentiments that of her brother by compelling her, when first offered, a lower price, thereby injuring her own and ruining his. It is the part of wisdom for every Typographical Union to, if not as they should be, Female labor will never cease injuring male labor until they are brought in unison, and they assume that position which is legitimately subject to no division. This state of things can only be attained as long as female labor is ostracised and placed beyond the pale of our Union organizations. The men of our local Unions, wherever this state of affairs exists, should throw around their female fellow protecting power of their organizations, and tell unscrupulous capitalists, who thus use the female to degrade the male, that—it can be no longer—that the day of such labor is over, and that the price of her hire as the male, and that they are determined to exact it. Your committee would report the following resolution as embodying the true doctrine:

*Resolved*, That subordinate Unions, under whose jurisdiction the fact of female labor exists, should use every exertion and argument to induce such females to join their respective Unions, or to establish a Union of their own in conjunction with the existing Union.

Your committee would advise the postponement of the question of the location of the next session, and would recommend that Monamin's Circular be adopted as such organ for the present year, and would recommend the adoption of the following:

*Resolved*, That Monamin's Circular is worthy of no practical benefit to the craft generally; in order to increase its usefulness, be it

*Resolved*, That it shall be the duty of each Secretary of the subordinate Unions to furnish monthly to the paper a short item of the progress in the state and the condition of the labor market for printers in his place.

In regard to the matter of the Ward monument, your Committee would recommend the following:

*Resolved*, That subordinate Unions cause each member under their jurisdiction, on the next anniversary of his death, to set not less than one thousand ems, (but as much more as they desire,) as a fund for the establishment of a monument to Charles F. Brown.

On motion the report, as presented by Mr. Campbell, was received.

Mr. Gray, a member of the same committee, submitted a minority report, which gave five to consolidate Union Label, and the admission of women and negroes into the Union.

On motion of Mr. Morris, both reports were referred to a Committee of the Whole, to be considered at a future session.

On motion of Mr. Troup the hour of half after seven p.m. was set apart for the announcement of deceased members of the Union since the last annual session.

Mr. Burton said that he would move a suspension of the rules, with a view to introducing to the body a distinguished visitor, whom he recognised upon the floor.

Without dissent the rules were accordingly suspended, and Mr. Morris introduced to the Union Admiral Raphael Semmes, editor-in-chief of the Memphis *Bulletin*.

The gentleman possessed celebrity, whose name during the past five years probably nine out of every ten "typos" in the Convention had more or less frequently had occasion to read in "copy" and put into type, was greeted in the most enthusiastic manner in every person, and as the demonstration subsided, he said:

GENTLEMEN AVALANCHE: The picnic that was given at Bartlett's Station, yesterday, by the Masons of this city, proved to be a gratifying and successful affair. As it was gotten up under the auspices and management of so popular and liberal a patronage, it could not have proved otherwise. During the day several excursion trains were sent out on the Memphis and Ohio road, to especially accommodate the large number of people who attended this delightful party. During the greater portion of the day the festivities and pleasures of the dance were enjoyed in a most charming manner, and while the hours held in happy remembrance. There were brave men and fair women there, and they chased the hours with flying feet, while music and beauty, with bewitching spell, charmed the sweet hours. The grounds were tastefully adapted to the festivities of the day, and in the picturesque scene there was so much loveliness and beauty, and so many happy faces, that our pen is inadequate to the task of far-fetching it. No untoward incident happened to mar the enjoyment of the party, and throughout the day the utmost pleasure and happiness reigned. Bountiful provisions had been made to meet the wants of the hungry and thirsty, and after our sensibilities, through her hire as the male, and that they are determined to exact it. Your committee would report the following resolution as embodying the true doctrine:

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*Gentlemen of the Typographical Union*—It is an honor to be hooked by which you have bestowed upon me, and to demand I confess it an honor to have been thus received by those who are the representatives of a power in the State. I am confident that your capacity and skill will enable you

Mercantile Freaks and Greater Enemies than a Northern Movement.

The man who thoroughly understands any kind of business is pretty sure to be successful. It is the half-skilled artizan, business man or professional gentleman who fails. The thorough mercantile training in early life of J. H. Lowenstine & Bros., is the secret of their great success, and of the growth of their business during the five years that they have been established in this city. They know when and how to buy, and when and how to sell. When trade is dull they throw on the market their immense stock, and when times grow flush again, they astonish everybody by the magnitude of their stock of the latest styles of goods. These Lowenstine Brothers who occupy that fine structure, the Clay Building, No. 221 Main street, are now selling off their immense stock of dry goods, hats, boots and shoes, gentlemen's furnishing goods and fancy notions at prices to suit the times. They have a stock second to none in Memphis. They are gentlemen, who thoroughly understand their business, and they offer such bargains as cannot be got elsewhere. The putting down of the Nicolson pavement is spoiling money to advantage, but not more so than buying goods of J. H. Lowenstine & Bros., Clay Building.

THE LAST CHANCE.—Tickets in the first drawing of the Southern Asylum Land Lottery, by which the cheapest and best property on published lists will be disposed of, will be sold up to the 10th of June, when the books will be closed. Order tickets through the office, on the east side of Court Square. For the convenience of the public the office will hereafter be kept open until seven o'clock in the evening. tjll

## RIVER NEWS.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, June 6.

DUMPS—WEATHER—RIVERS.

The weather yesterday was warm and sultry. The river here continued to rise slowly, but will probably come to a stand to-day, as the upper streams are all falling. The Ohio is falling at Louisville, with scant ten feet in the canal. White and Arkansas rivers are declining slowly, with a good stage in each.

ARRIVALS.

Steamer P. W. Strader, Cincinnati.
" Legal Tender, Louisville.
" Sam. J. Hale, Cincinnati.
" Ruth, New Orleans.
" Empire, Louisville.
" Bella St. Louis, St. Louis.
" J. D. Perry, Evansville.

DEPARTURES.

Steamer P. W. Strader, New Orleans.
" Legal Tender, New Orleans.
" R. E. Lee, New Orleans.
" Silver Moon, Cincinnati.
" Gleaner, Little Rock.

BOATS IN PORT.

Florence Traber, Empire, Sam. J. Hale, Bella St. Louis, J. D. Perry.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business on the wharf was inactive, with light shipments. Dull times is the general complaint at all points.

By a dispatch from Captain John Davis, of the White river packet line, to Messrs. Levy & Miller, we learn that he has purchased, at Cincinnati, the Oweana for the White river trade, to run in connection with the Commercial; price, $21,000. Captain Davis will have her docked at Cincinnati, repainted and refurnished, and make her complete in all her appartments. She will be here to enter the trade as a regular Saturday United States mail packet about the first of next month. This arrangement will give our White river friends two mail boats per week.

The E. E. Lee cleared for New Orleans last evening with a splendid trip, inloading 66 bales of cotton, 400 sacks seed cotton, a large amount of corn and produce. Colonel Manlove, the accomplished and spicy editor of the Vicksburg Times, was a passenger on her, bound home. Mr. Manlove entertained a few of the time going on the Lee, in a sumptuous manner. Dick Appell and "Cabbage Head" were loth to part with him. We wish him a pleasant trip, which he undoubtedly will have with that hearty and popular Captain May at the helm. There was also a bridal party on the Lee, bound for Laconia. The couple were married up in town, and were feasted on the boat in a style that will vie with the best hotels in the country. Campbell, the gentlemanly caterer of the Lee, knows how to attend to the culinie and have the guests "fanned" while they enjoy the many luxuries prepared under his charge.

The Silver Moon got off for Cincinnati, with a fair trip.

The J. D. Perry, Captain Lee Finney, arrived from Evansville last night, with a full cargo of corn and produce. She has 150 tons for reshipment to New Orleans. She is receiving for a return trip for Cairo, Evansville and all way points in the bends, and will leave to-day at five p.m. Mr. Henry Miller, a clever and agreeable gentleman, presides in the office.

The P. W. Strader and Legal Tender, from Louisville for New Orleans, passed down yesterday.

The Empire, Captain King, arrived yesterday from Louisville, with a splendid trip. She is receiving for a return trip to Louisville, and leaves to-morrow at 5 p.m. Mr. Harry Walker, a polite gentleman, is her purser.

The Sam J. Hale arrived from Cincinnati yesterday with a fair trip. She returns to Cincinnati on Friday at five p.m.

The fine steamer Florence Traber, Captain Rube Haines, is receiving for the Arkansas river, and will leave on Friday at five p.m. An agreeable and attentive gentleman, Mr. McCall, officiates in the office.

The steamer Lady, Captain Ward, in the regular semi-weekly St. Francis river packet, she will leave the wharf to-day at five p.m., for St. Francis river and all way points.

The Pad Able being chartered by the Memphis Typographical Union to give the Convention, which is now in session, an excursion up the river, will be in early to-day. The excursion party will leave the wharf this evening at six p.m., and promises to be the finest affair of the season. A number one brass band has been procured for the occasion, and our typo friends are going to have a steamboat ride on the broad Mississippi, by moonlight alone.

The Belle St. Louis, Captain Zeigler, arrived from St. Louis last evening, with a fair trip. She returns to Cairo and St. Louis to-day at five p.m. Bill Bloss, the clerk, is clerking.

Mr. James Hall, well known in these parts as a steamboat passenger agent, has been appointed passenger agent at Omaha for the Omaha and St. Louis line. We wish him success with his new line.

Captain Geo. Mollarsh, the extensive coal merchant, was presented yesterday with the handsome regalia which was voted to him at the late Baptist fair as the most popular Odd Fellow.

The firm of English, Thompson & Co., steamboat newsdealers, declared another dividend yesterday. The net profits of the sales for the past week amounted to $2 40. Each member of the firm received eighty cents for his labor. Thompson invested his dividends in peanuts, which got mixed up with his, while we invested ours in a new stock of peanuts. The firm will hold a stock meeting to-day, at the Tent hotel, on the landing, to consult as in regards employing a cashier, book-keeper and clerk.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* of Tuesday has the following:

Captain Frank J. Gakes is superintending the construction of a large stern wheel steamer for Jas. W. Gaff and others, which will be completed for the fall trade. The hull is 151 feet on deck, forty feet floor, forty-two feet beam, six and-a-half feet depth of hold in the ring, with five feet clear. She will have five boilers, thirty-six inches in diameter, twenty-four feet long; the cylinder being twenty-two inches in diameter, with six feet length of stroke, working a wheel twenty-three feet in diameter, with thirty feet length of buckets. She will trim on thirty inches, and carry 600 tons.

One of the picnic boats, returning to the city yesterday, was the scene of quite a serious affray among drunken roughs. One of them was severely beaten about the face and body; a man was knocked down the bank and beaten over the head with a club, and one James Mooney was severely stabbed.

The City of Cairo has laid up—St. Louis to get a new pair of chimneys. She will not be down until next week.

The bridges across the Mississippi at Quincy and Burlington are expected to be completed early in July. That at Quincy will cost $1,250,000. They are to be draw bridges. The great draw span of the Quincy bridge will be 360 feet. The draw span of the Burlington bridge will also be 360 feet, giving unobstructed 720 feet.

The fine steamer Rubicon, Captain Blake, is the regular Friday Vicksburg and bends packet.

The New Orleans *Bulletin* attributes the explosion on the St. Mary's to the unskillful organization of the boilers, and to the want of fusible plugs in the gauge cock and water line being too near the furnace, allowing them to get red hot unless water was very high.

The Evansville dispatch to the Cincinnati *Commercial* of yesterday has the following:

We had three severe storms this evening, the rain pouring down in torrents, the wind uprooting trees, blowing down signs, etc. The Tarascon, at Henderson, was caught in the downfall and broke her mooring, her breast and head lines snapping like whip cords. She ran her head into the bank and rode on the gale without damage. The river was lashed into a most fearful commotion. A house in this city was struck by lightning, the chimney knocked off and the weather boarding torn from one side. The water rushed down the gutters and out of the sewers in tremendous quantities.

The Argonaut No. 2, and the Core S are loading at Louisville for this port, and the Louisville for New Orleans.

We herewith present a complete and exact statement of steamboats built at Cincinnati, exclusive of barges, since 1848, embracing a period of over twenty years. The facts were compiled from official records of the Custom House, by Captain Ellet, Jr., of Fleet, Ark., pronounces it to be strictly correct. Within the period mentioned there were 307 boats built, with an aggregate of 125,367 tons, carpenter's measurement, which apportioned to the years respectively, shows:

| Year. | No. | Tons. | Year. | No. | Tons. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1848 | 17 | 4,000 | 1858 | 11 | 1,800 |
| 1849 | 14 | 3,000 | 1859 | 12 | 1,900 |
| 1850 | 18 | 4,000 | 1860 | 13 | 1,950 |
| 1851 | 19 | 4,000 | 1861 | 10 | 1,600 |
| 1852 | 21 | 5,000 | 1862 | 11 | 1,650 |
| 1853 | 23 | 5,200 | 1863 | 10 | 1,600 |
| 1854 | 25 | 5,500 | 1864 | 12 | 1,800 |
| 1855 | 26 | 5,600 | 1865 | 14 | 2,100 |
| 1856 | 28 | 6,000 | 1866 | 16 | 2,400 |
| 1857 | 24 | 5,000 | 1867 | 22 | 3,600 |

St. Louis exchanges of Tuesday have the following:

Business is dull; awful dull, is a frequent exclamation. The dullness is certainly not general or universal. Deeply laden boats arrived yesterday from St. Paul. Boats arrived from the Missouri with a cornfusion of freight, and cabins crowded with passengers. The river was rising slowly. Water has again entered cellars which it lately left. Weather fervidly warm. Farms and country are rapidly drying. The various boatmen's committees met as usual yesterday morning. No changes in rates were made.

## MEDICAL.

### RELIEF TO ALL AFFLICTED!

### EDWARD WILDER'S

### HEALTH-RESTORING

### REMEDIES.

FOUR GREAT

### EDWARD WILDER'S

### SARSAPARILLA AND POTASH

An unfailing and rapid cure for SCROFULA in all its forms; every known variety of Constitutional SYPHILIS or VENEREAL DISEASE; RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA SKIN DISEASES—no matter how inherited or however caused. Scrofulous Humors, Sore Eyes, Glandular Swellings of the Neck or sometimes Chronic Chills and Fever, Tetter, Weeping Sore Leg, Ulcers of every kind, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Ringworm, Salt-Rheum, Felon or Whitlow, Boils or Abscesses, White Swelling, Mis-Location or Morbus Curvatus, Chronic Erysipelas, Dropsy Ague-Cake, etc.

For the rapid and permanent cure of the above Diseases this Sarsaparilla stands unrivalled. A CURE IS GUARANTEED IN EVERY CASE where it is used according to directions.

### EDWARD WILDER'S

### COMPOUND EXTRACT

OF

### WILD CHERRY

This preparation is specially recommended as affording certain and prompt relief for COUGHS, COLDS and CATARRHS of every description. In Bronchitis, Laryngitis and Asthma or Phthisic it is unequaled as a remedy to control and relief. It is also admirably adapted to the relief of the cough and difficulty of breathing in CONSUMPTION. It is also indispensable in Pneumonia or Winter Fever, Pleurisy, and every concievable form of PULMONARY DISEASE attended with cough, difficulty of breathing, or pain. For taste, efficiency and power this medicine has no equal, and when used in any of the above diseases, has never been known to fail to give almost instant relief, followed by certain and permanent cure.

### EDWARD WILDER'S

### Family Pills,

For the cure of CONSTIPATED and SLUGGISH BOWELS and all diseases of the digestive organs, they are a SAFE, CERTAIN and EFFECTUAL remedy. They are a SAFE remedy to be perfectly infallible. As a Purgative in all Fevers and Inflammatory diseases, in Acute Rheumatism, Inflammation of the Liver, Brain, Kidneys and Bladder, in Erysipelas, Fever and Ague, Acute Opthalmia or Sore Eyes, Fullness of the Head, Vertigo, Dizziness, Blindness, etc., they cannot be excelled. These Pills will be found, on trial, to be far superior to any known other combination of medicines in the rapid and certain cure of all the above diseases. They should be taken with Edwards' Wilder's Compound Extract of Wild Cherry in Coughs, Colds, etc.; and with Edward Wilder's Stomach Bitters for Chills and Fevers and Fever and Ague.

### EDWARD WILDER'S

### REMEDIES

That these Remedies have all been tested in the Family circle by Chemical analysis, and at the Dispensaries throughout the country, for each and every Disease for which they are recommended, and that in the space of time they have every where been known to fail in giving instant relief, followed by speedy and perman

# THE DAILY AVALANCHE

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.

S. C. GALLAWAY,
A. J. HILL,
HARRY HAMPTON,
W. CLERK,

Editors and Proprietors

TERMS—Daily paper, per annum, in advance, $12; Weekly $3. Advertisements inserted at $1 per square for first insertion, each subsequent insertion, 50 cents. Twenty cents per line for local notices.

OFFICE:

In our new building, No. 22 Jefferson street, near the corner of Main.


[OFFICIAL.]

## BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

[CONTINUED.]

ORDINANCE COMMITTEE.

The Committee reported favorably upon the following ordinance, and the same was passed:

WHEREAS, the sidewalks upon most of the streets of the city in consequence of their small width, are inadequate for the convenient accommodation of the present and increasing population of the city; and whereas, their extension in width over the space occupied by gutters, when the streets are permanently paved, will add greatly to the safety and comfort of those hereafter occupied for vehicles. Therefore,

*Be it ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:*

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, the pavements on Main street shall be fifteen feet wide from the line of the wall of buildings to the outside of the curbing; all sixty-six feet streets, the pavements shall be thirteen and one half feet wide from the line of wall of the houses to the outside of the curbing; and all other streets and alleys in the same proportion; which shall be front street, from Exchange to Union street, the outside of the curbing, raised concession of pavements in width as above when put in repair by property owners on said streets, except second street, the pavement of which shall remain at present as now established.

The following ordinance was passed finally:

*Be it Ordained by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Memphis:*

That the Board of Mayor and Aldermen appoint a competent person, or persons, to take the census of the city when necessary.

The following ordinance was reported favorably upon, and passed finally:

*Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:*

SECTION 1. That from and after the passage of this ordinance it shall be unlawful for the owners of dogs, bags, goats or swine of any kind, to permit the same to run at large in the streets of this city, throughout the city.

SEC. 2. The Board of Mayor and Aldermen shall elect a pound keeper every year, or as often as may be necessary, whenever it shall be deemed necessary to establish a pound within the corporate limits of the city, in which such dog impounded all stock found running at large throughout the city.

SEC. 3. Said pound keeper may charge not exceeding fifty cents a head per day for dogs, goats and hogs, and not exceeding seventy-five cents a head per day, if called for by the owner, for all other stock impounded, as a remuneration for his services in establishing and keeping up said pound, and shall feed and take proper care of all animals in said pound.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the pound keeper to keep a book in which he shall enter a description and kind of each animal taken up and enclosed in said pound, the precise time of the day and animal are enclosed; and a list of the description and kind of all animals in said pound, and the time they were placed therein, shall be posted up at each public square every twelve hours. Said book shall at all times be open for the inspection of the Mayor and any member of the Board of Aldermen and Police Commissioners.

SEC. 5. All persons who may have stock or any animal in said pound may, on proving his or her property, and paying the charges, take them away, and the pound keeper shall take the name and residence of every person to whom stock of any kind is delivered, the description of the animal or animals, the time when taken away, and the amount paid by them to the keeper for keeping said animal or animals so taken.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the City scavenger to destroy all dogs not reclaimed in five days after having been inclosed in said pound; and all other animals not reclaimed in ten days may be sold for the benefit of the city.

SEC. 7. Said pound keeper shall enter into bonds in the sum of five thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his duties.

SEC. 8. All ordinances or parts of ordinances coming in conflict with any or the provisions of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Alderman Amis moved that the Ordinance Committee be discharged from further consideration of the ordinance abolishing the Board of Health, Trustees, and the ordinance be placed on the table, which motion was carried by the following vote: Ayes—Amis, Smith and Passmore. Nays—Chrisman, Chorpenning, Glancy, Cochran, Wickersham, Lynn, Holst, O'Donnell and Townsend.

Alderman Townsend moved to reconsider the vote adopting the ordinance providing for widening the pavements, and his motion was lost.

GAS COMMITTEE.

Upon a resolution providing for gas lamps, on the corner of Washington and Second streets, the report of the Committee was favorable, and was approved by the Board.

Also, upon a resolution providing for a gas lamp on the east side of Second street, in the alley between Exchange and Market streets, the report of the Committee was favorable, and was approved by the Board.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

The special Committee on charges against the city surveyor submitted the following report, which was received:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

MEMPHIS, June 4, 1867.

In the matter of the charges preferred at the last meeting of the Board against Mr. J. F. Vance, City Surveyor, for neglect of duty, the Committee of Investigation would report that they have examined a number of city officers and employes whose official duties bring them into contact with the Surveyor. The testimony in the evidence establishes the fact that the Surveyor has been guilty of neglect of duty in the calls of city officers, and he has given eminent satisfaction in his personal relations in all the cases. The Committee, however, would state in short that there has been a degree of looseness in the details of his business capacity. He has trusted the various departments of his business too much to the clerks, and has been very careless against imposition, both as to quantity and quality of articles furnished. Your Committee would recommend a change, owing to prevent imposition and fraudulent dealing with the public. We are of opinion that in this respect the Surveyor has not been guilty of a violation of the duties of his office, however, and the details of his office were not as clearly defined as they should be, and which we will now proceed to do. We are of opinion that the duties of the office so defined and set forth the duties of the office so clearly that we do not think the Board will be appressed any further trouble or neglect on the part of Mr. Vance.

E. O. DONNELL, Chairman.

PETITIONS.

By Alderman Powers:

SATURDAY EVENING, May 25, 1867.

HON. W. G. LOFLAND—*Dear Sir:* The engine (No. 3) recently purchased by the city has been tested and found to be in good working order. The suction hose is, and was when received by me, in a bad condition; one of the sections is split in two and entirely broken off; the packing of no account; and, generally, somewhat worn and rotten. I had no wrenches or spanners, and no hose, no suitable pipe, etc. I wish you would call the attention of the Board to these facts, that they may take such action on the subject, at least, of the amount we are owing on the purchase, as I have already been to considerable expense and trouble, and also to your Honor to recommend the above action on the part of the Board.

I have the honor to be, yours, truly,

J. MORIARTY.

I want the machine in good working order, that's all.

J. M.

Referred to the Fire Committee.

By Alderman Cochran:

MEMPHIS, May 25, 1867.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: The undersigned petitioners would respectfully represent that they have been appointed agents for the United States mail line of Memphis and White river steamboats, and for the purpose of receiving and discharging freight and transacting a general business, ask the privilege of placing a wharf-boat at the landing.

Yours respectfully,

LEVY & MILLER,
General Steamboat Agents.

Referred to Landing Committee.

By the same:

[COMMUNICATION.]

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

The undersigned would most respectfully call the attention of your honorable body to the condition of the street leading from Jefferson street to River wharf. If something is not soon done to prevent it, the heavy rains of approaching spring will undoubtedly cut a gulch in the bank, will carry away the entire bottom in front of the city, and will render it impossible for any one to get to the bluffs.

An increased river mass set that the city is in great danger of losing the landing from Market to Beale street, if some remedy is not devised to keep the banks may be preserved.

If the street above mentioned is not put in repair now in the upper end of the landing, and then it will be impossible to protect the lower end at any reasonable cost to the city of this valuable bottom, and its improvements, that now yield a large revenue, would be worth much less than the small sum it would now require to make it secure.

By making a good and permanent wharf from Jefferson to Market street, the value of this property would be increased three fold, thereby increasing the city revenue and wharf rentals.

Many flatboats and other craft now pass by our city, being afraid to land at the caving bank, and make no land a safe place to discharge their cargoes.

The question arises: Can the caving in of the banks be stopped? Can they be made permanent?

We answer, they can. St. Louis, St. Joseph and Cairo have surmounted much greater difficulties.

The cost at this time will be trifle compared with the great benefit the city will hereafter receive, and the improvement will not increase the indebtedness of the city.

The undersigned think all the above can be done, and are willing to meet with any committee at any time your honorable body may appoint, and give them the benefit of their thirty years experience on the Mississippi river. All of which we respectfully submit, for your consideration.

T. T. WRIGHT.
W. C. POSTAL.

Referred to the Landing Committee.

By the same:

RESOLVED, etc., That the Chairman of the Landing Committee be authorized to procure a steamboat to convey the Board of Mayor and Aldermen, together with the Chief Engineer, to such other parties as they may select for their further information, at the same, or respecting, in regard to the quality of the bottom by the Mississippi river.

Adopted.

By Alderman Wickersham:

MEMPHIS, May 1867.

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: We, your most humble petitioners, desire respectfully to call your attention to the present bad condition of the lot or parcel of ground situated on the corner of Second and street, east of Bayou Gayoso, between Fourth and High streets, adjoining the lot now occupied by the Bayou Planing Mill, and lot is now owned by the School Board of the city, and by said board has been reserved for the purpose of building a school house thereon; that has not been done, however, in consequence of the high and wet condition of said lot from the water. Your petitioners would most respectfully call the attention of your honorable body to said lot, the condition of which renders it a public nuisance, and also threatens to destroy the present good health of the inhabitants in the immediate vicinity. We therefore most respectfully pray that your honorable body will have said nuisance abated as soon as possible, for which favor we will ever pray.

Respectfully,

| | |
|---|---|
| Elden High, | M. L. Bacon, |
| T. J. Hoit, | Russell, Grove & Co., |
| | Paine, McConnell & Co. |

Referred to Improvement Committee, with power to act.

By Alderman Lynn:

MEMPHIS, June 4, 1867.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: On the —— day of ——, 1867, the undersigned contractors entered into a contract with the revised ordinance of the city of Memphis, to pave the ——— with ——— pavement, and which contract was accepted on the part of the city, and presented to them in duplicate signed by the Mayor of the city. On the night of that day he was examined. On acceptance of the proposition the City General delivered copy for the work, and we have pushed the work along rapidly. Our agreement is to print the work or book on or 16 royal book paper, all of which has been purchased and paid for by the company; body matter in long primer type, marginal notes matter to be bound in paper covers, and the whole work to be at the rate of $2 50 (three dollars and fifty cents) per page, covering the whole cost. We are now ready for in cash as the work progresses, weekly or otherwise, at our option. Two hundred and seventy-five pages are finally proof, submitted and corrected. The amount of same is $687. If the company have not the cash, as President of the company I submit that you pay us the present value of city scrip; or if in your judgment the depreciation is upward, as it is desirable to have the use of the same, that you give the scrip which can be hypothecated, in place of asking an indorser to raise funds, and the advantage of the difference of any scrip issued under the shinplaster days. If we recommend by that time, to allow the city the time stated. Indemnity we would not be willing to give, but we would not be time insisting, but such is the tightness of the money market that it is absolutely necessary for something to be done to enable us to prosecute the work.

Respectfully submitted.

P. B. WILLIS,
President Bulletin Publishing Company.

Referred to Finance Committee.

By Alderman Johnson:

MEMPHIS, May 30, 1867.

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN—We ask leave to present to your favorable consideration our names as applicants for census takers, should there be a sufficient demand for the appointment of the services of such agents. It has been many years since a census of this city was taken, and even then, it was a census only, and the report furnished but little other information. We propose, among other things:

1. To take the census of the city.
2. To classify this as to color, sex and ages.
3. To state the same by wards.
4. To show the educational condition of all color, sex and ages.
5. To show the number of private schools and pupils.
6. To show the marriages, births and deaths in 1866.
7. To show the number of idiots, blind, deaf, mute, etc.
8. To show the number of churches, denominations and members.
9. To show the number of professional men.
10. To show the different manufactories in operation, value, etc.
11. To show the number of houses erected in 1866.
12. To show the number of trades, etc.

These, with other details, will be reported in such a form as to be readily referred to and understood, and such information as will be of interest to every citizen. Other cities furnish like items almost every year, and such reports are regarded as highly creditable to the municipality. Two of us can do the work in half the time one can do it in, and it will then cost no more, while it may be more correctly done.

Respectfully,

J. T. TREZEVANT.
J. W. YOUNGBLOOD.

Received and filed.

By Alderman Passmore:

MEMPHIS, May 30, 1867.

A few words to the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen and Committee of Ordinance, of the City of Memphis:

GENTLEMEN: We, the undersigned, petitioners for closing of heather (now) Jefferson street, ask your honorable body to look into the matter with an open heart and vigilant eye, for the good of the people. We are not in favor of the action which the state to your honorable body that, in the petition against us there have been several names forged and signed, especially the name of the parties, and some of the largest shop-holders in the city, which we can show if required.

We are those men that have signed the petition for keeping open on Sundays? There are some millions of dollars invested here in the way of our house or workshop they prefer be turned into a church, and money is their idol. We furthermore wish to state to your honorable body that we have a large petition in favor of closing all the forged names, and if your honorable body will consider the two petitions you cannot refuse to grant the prayer of your petitioners, for closing.

Many of them a majority with seventeen signers, including all the forged names.

We have thirty-eight signers, eighteen proprietors and twenty journeymen, both your honorable body will find by examining our petition for closing.

Your humble, your most obedient servants, and petitioners for closing.

CHARLES RAKALL,
And thirty-seven more signers.

Referred to Ordinance Committee.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Smith:

*Resolved*, That the Mayor and City Engineer be and the same are hereby authorized to close a contract with the lowest bidder for building a new Hernando street bridge.

Lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Powers, Glancy, Cochran and Smith.

Nays—Johnson, Wickersham, Amis, Lynn, Holst, O'Donnell, Townsend and Passmore.

By Alderman Lynn:

*Resolved*, That the Engineer is hereby directed to have a lamp post placed at the intersection of Market street and Thornton avenue, and connect the connection to be made with the gas main or pipe; provided, the cost will not exceed sixty dollars.

Referred to the Gas Committee.

By the same:

*Resolved*, That the Mayor and Finance Committee be authorized and instructed to effect the best possible settlement of the claim of Perkins, Livingston & Post, for hose furnished the Fire Department.

Adopted.

By Alderman Amis:

*Resolved*, That the Hon. Wm. O. Lofland, Mayor, be authorized and instructed to transfer and indorse the notes made by property owners for the pavement of the streets of the city, to the different contractors undertaking said work.

Adopted.

By Alderman Cochran:

*Be it ordained, etc.*, That the wharfage ordinance in relation to flatboats, barges and other water craft (steamboats excepted) be and the same is hereby so amended as to read as follows:

Flatboats measuring eighty feet or less shall pay three dollars for landing and one dollar for each day that they remain at the landing.

The same measuring eighty to one hundred feet, four dollars for landing and one dollar and fifty cents per day thereafter.

The same measuring one hundred feet and over, five dollars for landing and two dollars per day thereafter.

For each day a flatboat may remain at the landing over thirty days, eight dollars.

For each day over sixty days, fifteen dollars.

Barges and steamboat hulls used as barges shall pay eight cents per ton, with steamboat privileges as to time of loading and unloading.

Passed first reading and referred to Landing Committee.

By the same:

*Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the City of Memphis:*

That the city taxes on real estate assessed for the fortieth collected year (from July 1, 1867, to January 1, 1868) be and the same are hereby declared due, and payable on the 1st day of July, 1867, and that the Tax Collector collect the same.

Passed first and final reading by a suspension of the rules.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

Upon the petition of J. M. Tighe, in relation to charges against him, the committee submitted the following report:

To the Honorable Board of Mayor and Aldermen:

Your Special Committee, to whom was referred the petition of J. M. Tighe, have the honor to report, that we have examined the matter set forth in said petition in reference to the feed furnished by the Memphis Fuel Company No. 6. The memorandum of the weight of eight sacks of oats obtained by said company from Mr. Tighe's clerk was 1,561 pounds; said oats upon the city scales weighed 1,520 pounds. Mr. Tighe's bill against the city for feed furnished Engine Company No. 3, as per bill rendered for the months of May, is for 1,161 pounds of oats and 200 pounds of corn, making 1,461 pounds. The captain of Engine Company No. 3 reports that he received eight sacks of oats and two sacks of corn from Mr. Tighe during the month of May. The discrepancy of 100 in the above amount of feed, as per bill received and the memorandum of weight of feed furnished said engine company, is twenty pounds.

The petition of said Tighe referred to us in reference to his bill for the amount of supplies furnished the city, has been considered by your committee, said bills are approved by the parties, but the same is not allowed by the city scales.

Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors.

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## HICKS STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

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We beg leave to call the attention of the public to this wonderful Steam Engine, now on exhibition at the

**Avalanche Office, 22 Jefferson Street,**

Which is cheaper, lighter, less intricate, occupies less space, consumes less fuel than any other engine, and is superior in every other way, it being in fact a double cut-off engine, without the complication of valves with their multiform attachments, and for its superior merits was

## AWARDED THE GOLD MEDAL

At the Maryland Institute Fair, in October, 1866, over all other engines. This invention, therefore, does away with the most difficult entire change in steam engines which has occurred since the days of Watt, being more durable, accurate, and economical in operation and space beyond all comparison with the past, and as far less original cost than ever before known. All orders will be promptly filled by

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.,
Or WORMELEY, JOY & CO.,
Avalanche Building.

Send for Circulars giving minute description of Engine.

Purchasers of this Engine can have it set up at a small cost by a skilful machinist of the city, and put in satisfactory working order. may-tf

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## HAIR DRESSING SALOON!

No. 67 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENN.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his old friends and customers, and the present patrons of the above-named Saloon, that he has RE-PURCHASED, and is now to be found at his old stand, No. 67 Jefferson street, and invites their continued patronage, assuring them that every effort possible will be made to please.

REMEMBER the Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon, No. 67 Jefferson street, where every attention will be given to customers, by the most accomplished and finished artists, and their wants in the line of the profession will be met with promptness and dispatch.

The prices and system of charges introduced by his predecessor will remain unchanged.

JOSEPH LIPARI.

Public Ledger copy

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R. VACCARO. A. R. VACCARO.

# A. Vaccaro & Co.,

Importers and Dealers in

## WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC.,

No. 324 Front Street, Memphis Tenn

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**Strictly Select School—For Next Year.**

MR. VIGUS will open his School, in a central situation, on MONDAY, September 9, 1867, without assistants. As the number of pupils will be very limited, it is not open to general patronage. Such youth only as can be educated will be received. The high grade will be observed, and no pupil admitted below the 6th of June promixo. After that date none can be received. may26-7t

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| FRESH GRITS, | HARRISON FLOUR, |
| NICE CORNMEAL, | POTTER'S FLOUR, |
| N. O. MOLASSES, | DAVIS HAMS: |
| BEST GOLD'N SYRUP, | DAVIS BR. BACON, |

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| VERY FINE CRACK'RS, | VERY FINE TEAS, |
| GRASS BUTTER, Nice. | YEAST POWDERS, |
| JAVA COFFEE, | ENGLISH PICKLES, |
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| DRIED BEEF, | MACARONI, |
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| JELLIES, SODA, | CANDLES, |

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## NORMENT, RUFFIN & FINNEY,

(Successors to T. B. Norment & Co.,)

# Cotton Factors

—AND—

## General Commission Merchants,

No. 304 Front Street, up Stairs

MEMPHIS, TENN.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale and storage of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. Orders from the country will be promptly attended to. ap 25-1m

## For Lease or Sale.

SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS, fronting on the Hernando road, only one quarter of a mile from Court-house. This is one of the most desirable localities in the suburbs, combining nearly all facilities of living in the city; enjoying pure air, and avoiding payment of city taxes. Apply to JOHN DONOVAN,

Clerk's Office, Greenlaw Building.

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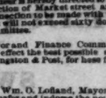
MISCELLANEOUS.

# BEAUTY.



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PRODUCED by the use of Prof. DE BRUCK'S FRISEUR LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy, massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Europe for years with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed, with directions for use, $1 50. Descriptive circulars mailed free. Address, BERGER, SHUPTS & CO., Chemists, No. 36 River street, Troy, N. Y., sole Agents for the United States.

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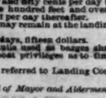

Forced to grow upon the Smoothest Face in from three to five weeks by using

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## RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE.

The most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most astonishing success. Names of purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and post-paid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address,

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## CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes and radiant hair
Whose curling tendrils soft, entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

*CRISPER COMA,*

**For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.**

BY using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give an beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it, is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any lady address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to

W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
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## CASTELLAR'S HAIR EXTERMINATOR,

**For Removing Superfluous Hair.**

TO the Ladies, especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as the most indispensable article to the female beauty. It is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots, so that the hair is prevented from ever growing again, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid to anyaddress, on receipt of an order, by

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At the wonderful revelations made by the great Astrologist

**Madame H. A. PERRIGO.**

SHE reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to the unfortunate the power to change the current of misfortune, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, etc., gives lessons together with her celebrated Planetary Spirit Guide, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the name of the person you will marry, and the exact disposition of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her aliases reveals the secrets of the heart. She discloses the events of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the mildest and brightest—the greatest influence in the configuration of the heavens. Persons who neglect to consult the planets and the Lord shall in their journey of life be disappointed in their undertakings, and many a man has failed in business for the want of a friend or adviser. Call not to consult the greatest Astrologist in the world, for you may never again get the business you are about to favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Any one not finding it convenient to call can receive the same by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A lock of hair, object cheerfully returned. Ladies and gentlemen, call and be convinced, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The celebrated Dr. Hughes can have his style to report, that we have examined the matter set forth in said petition in reference to the feed furnished by the Memphis Fuel Company No. 6. The memorandum of the weight of eight sacks of oats obtained by said company from Mr. Tighe's clerk was 1,561 pounds; said oats upon the city scales weighed 1,520 pounds. Mr. Tighe's bill against the city for feed furnished Engine Company No. 3, as per bill rendered for the months of May, is for 1,161 pounds of oats and 200 pounds of corn, making 1,461 pounds. The captain of Engine Company No. 3 reports that he received eight sacks of oats and two sacks of corn from Mr. Tighe during the month of May. The discrepancy of 100 in the above amount of feed, as per bill received and the memorandum of weight of feed furnished said engine company, is twenty pounds.

The petition of said Tighe referred to us in reference to his bill for the amount of supplies furnished the city, has been considered by your committee, said bills are approved by the parties, but the same is not allowed by the city scales.

Nearly every dealer in the United States sells it at ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

C. G. CLARK & CO., Proprietors.

NIPGEN & REAKIRT, Agents for Memphis.
BARNES, WARD & CO., General Agents for the South.

may-eow4m

# MECHANICAL WONDER



MANUFACTURED BY THE

## HICKS STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

OF DELAWARE,

BLANTON DUNCAN, Pres't.
THOS. E. SHARP, Gen'l Sup't.

We beg leave to call the attention of the public to this wonderful Steam Engine, now on exhibition at the

**Avalanche Office, 22 Jefferson Street,**

Which is cheaper, lighter, less intricate, occupies less space, consumes less fuel than any other engine, and is superior in every other way, it being in fact a double cut-off engine, without the complication of valves with their multiform attachments, and for its superior merits was

## AWARDED THE GOLD MEDAL

At the Maryland Institute Fair, in October, 1866, over all other engines. This invention, therefore, does away with the most difficult entire change in steam engines which has occurred since the days of Watt, being more durable, accurate, and economical in operation and space beyond all comparison with the past, and as far less original cost than ever before known. All orders will be promptly filled by

GALLAWAY, HAMPTON & CO.,
Or WORMELEY, JOY & CO.,
Avalanche Building.

Send for Circulars giving minute description of Engine.

Purchasers of this Engine can have it set up at a small cost by a skilful machinist of the city, and put in satisfactory working order. may-tf

# GARABALD

## HAIR DRESSING SALOON!

No. 67 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : TENN.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform his old friends and customers, and the present patrons of the above-named Saloon, that he has RE-PURCHASED, and is now to be found at his old stand, No. 67 Jefferson street, and invites their continued patronage, assuring them that every effort possible will be made to please.

REMEMBER the Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon, No. 67 Jefferson street, where every attention will be given to customers, by the most accomplished and finished artists, and their wants in the line of the profession will be met with promptness and dispatch.

The prices and system of charges introduced by his predecessor will remain unchanged.

JOSEPH LIPARI.

Public Ledger copy

A. VACCARO. M. MAGEVNEY, Jr.
R. VACCARO. A. R. VACCARO.

# A. Vaccaro & Co.,

Importers and Dealers in

## WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC.,

No. 324 Front Street, Memphis Tenn

may-1y

**Strictly Select School—For Next Year.**

MR. VIGUS will open his School, in a central situation, on MONDAY, September 9, 1867, without assistants. As the number of pupils will be very limited, it is not open to general patronage. Such youth only as can be educated will be received. The high grade will be observed, and no pupil admitted below the 6th of June promixo. After that date none can be received. may26-7t

# COLLEGES,

# SCHOOLS OR SOCIETIES

WISHING

## Medals or Badge Pins,

Can have their ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY, in the BEST MANNER, and at fair prices, at

## MERRIMAN, BYRD & CO.'S,

275 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn.

ma25tf

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|---|---|
| FRESH GRITS, | HARRISON FLOUR, |
| NICE CORNMEAL, | POTTER'S FLOUR, |
| N. O. MOLASSES, | DAVIS HAMS: |
| BEST GOLD'N SYRUP, | DAVIS BR. BACON, |

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
300 Main street.

| | |
|---|---|
| VERY FINE CRACK'RS, | VERY FINE TEAS, |
| GRASS BUTTER, Nice. | YEAST POWDERS, |
| JAVA COFFEE, | ENGLISH PICKLES, |
| UNDERWOOD PICK'S, | RIO COFFEE. |

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
300 Main street.

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| DRIED BEEF, | MACARONI, |
| SHAKER PRESERVES, | VERMICELLI, |
| JELLIES, SODA, | CANDLES, |

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,
300 Main street.

may21-2m

T. B. NORMENT, Memphis. Gen. J. D. RUFFIN, Lieut.-Col. Dentzo Co., Miss. T. C. FINNEY, Memphis.

## NORMENT, RUFFIN & FINNEY,

(Successors to T. B. Norment & Co.,)

# Cotton Factors

—AND—

## General Commission Merchants,

No. 304 Front Street, up Stairs

MEMPHIS, TENN.

PARTICULAR attention paid to the sale and storage of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. Orders from the country will be promptly attended to. ap 25-1m

## For Lease or Sale.

SEVERAL BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOTS, fronting on the Hernando road, only one quarter of a mile from Court-house. This is one of the most desirable localities in the suburbs, combining nearly all facilities of living in the city; enjoying pure air, and avoiding payment of city taxes. Apply to JOHN DONOVAN,

Clerk's Office, Greenlaw Building.

ma25tf

## MONETARY.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, June 6, 1867.

The money market continues quiet and steady, with little animation. The discount market rules steady but close, with the rates of interest firm; first class paper rules at 10@12 per cent; commercial at 15@18; street rates rule at 2 to 3 per cent a month. Gold in New York yesterday was steady at 139⅝; the market here was inactive, with the premium rates ruling from 134½ to 135. Silver remains quiet and steady at 127@129.

EXCHANGE.—Is quiet; buying at ¼ off, and selling at par to ¼ premium.

CITY SCRIP.—The market yesterday was firm and steady, with a fair demand; brokers buy at 65@67 and sell at 70.

COUNTY WARRANTS.—Steady; buying at 88 and selling at 90.

BONDS.—Memphis and Ohio railroad bonds, 25@30c; Memphis and Little Rock first mortgage bonds, 70@90; Memphis and Charleston railroad bonds, 60@70; Tennessee bonds, with coupons, 40@50; Tennessee bonds, new, 55@60; Mobile and Ohio railroad bonds, 50@55; Memphis city coupons, 60@65; Memphis city railroad bonds, 50@60.

GOVERNMENTS.—Market steady; a small demand and little offering. Transactions are confined to small lots: Bank of Tennessee, old, 46@48c; Planters' Bank, 94c; Union Bank, 85@90; Tennessee 6s, 70@75; Union and Planters' Bank Certificates, 56c; Bank of Commerce, 95c; Bank of Chattanooga, 10c; Bank of Commerce, 95c; Bank of Nashville, —; Bank of Memphis, par; Bank of Middle Tennessee, 95c; Bank of Paris, 95c; Bank of the State of Knoxville, 62c; Bank of West Tennessee, 45c; Bucks Bank, 95c; City Bank, 50c; Commercial Bank, par; Merchants' Bank, 95c; Northern Bank, 95c; Ocoee Bank, 8c; Bank of Shelbyville, 90c; Southern Bank, 25c; Traders' Bank, 95c; Life and General Insurance Company, 20c.

In relation to the probable demands upon the United States Treasury for disbursements during the next two months, we present the following estimate: For interest on 7-30s due June 15th, about $8,000,000; do. due July 15th, about $7,000,000; compound interest notes due July 10th and July 15th, with three years' interest, about $24,000,000, making a total of about $40,000,000 for the purposes enumerated. It is understood that about one hundred millions of 7-30s mature in August, but the principal of these will probably be exchanged for 5-20 bonds.

## COMMERCIAL.

DAILY AVALANCHE OFFICE,
THURSDAY, June 6, 1867.

Business has settled down to the summer standard. All branches of trade rule quiet and dull, with little or no animation in the markets, except in corn and breadstuffs, which remain steady and with a fair jobbing trade doing. The mar-markets are well supplied, with prices nominal and unsettled. The tightness of the money market, together with the exorbitant and high rates of living and of labor, are the prevailing drawbacks to trade, which may be partially averted by prolific crops this year. High tariffs, high taxes, and a depreciated currency, are evils that, as a community of long suffering, we have begun to get used to, though in the end they may make us a nation of bankrupts. Good crops of the articles of consumption may avail to avert the evils, and in the meantime the hope can be entertained that some of the evils complained of may cease to exist. The extortionate duties on imports are exciting great dissatisfaction in the Western States. The Chicago *Tribune* says:

Not the smallest nor the least hurtful of the monopolies created by our high tariff policy is the importing monopoly. The importers know, as everybody else who has examined the question, that a high tariff does not prevent nor even diminish importations. It merely adds to the selling price of the goods, and as they generally have large stocks on hand before each increase of the tariffs, they are enabled to pocket the difference, which not unfrequently amounts to many millions of dollars. And as the domestic manufacturers immediately put on their prices to the level of the tariff, the trade soon flows on as before.

Importers receive the same profit on the tariff that they do on the goods. If an invoice of goods in Germany costs $10,000, and the duties on them are 20 per cent, or $47,000, and the higher the tariff the greater the profit, up to the point of prohibition. Why should he be anxious to reduce his own profits?

COTTON.—The market yesterday was quiet and steady, with limited transactions; the demand being confined to the filling of small Eastern orders. Sales were light, and well maintained. The market throughout the day exhibited a firm feeling, with prices tending upwards. The transactions for the day foot up small, with middling at 24½@25c; ordinary holding at 24@24½c; ordinaries from 20@22c. The market closed steady and firm. The Liverpool dispatches to the Board of Trade reports that market quiet but firm, with upland at 11⅝c, Orleans, 11⅝d. Sales for the day, 12,000 bales. The New York market was reported firm and unchanged.

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| Ordinary | 18 @19 |
| Good ordinary | 20 @21 |
| Low middling | 23 @24 |
| Middling | 25 @25½ |
| Strict middling | 27 @27½ |
| Good middling | 29 @29½ |

GENERAL MARKET.

[NOTE.—Our quotations are the wholesale prices unless otherwise stated. In filling small orders to the city or country trade an advance of three to five per cent, is obtained.]

CORN.—The market yesterday was steady, with a fine jobbing trade doing. The receipts are equal to the requirements. Choice white and yellow, on the levee, ruled at $1 12@1 15; in store, at $1 18@1 20; inferior and lower grades ruled at $1 03@1 10.

HAY.—Dull and quiet, with sales of prime timothy at $25@26 50; lower grades ruled at $23@24 50.

OATS.—Quiet and steady; choice No. 1 rules at 85c; No. 2 at 72@75c.

BRAN.—In fair demand at $45 per ton.

CORN MEAL.—Steady; kiln dried rules at $3 50@5 75.

PROVISIONS.—The market yesterday was firm and steady, with a fair jobbing trade doing. Mess pork is in demand, with a slight advance in prices. We quote sales at $24@24 50. Bacon clear sides ruled at 13@13½c; plain sugar cured hams at 14½@16c; canvassed do at 16½@18c; shoulders at 10@10½c; breakfast bacon at 16@17c.

LARD.—Quiet and steady. Keg leaf, 13½@14½c; tierce, 12¾@13c.

BUTTER.—In fair demand, choice roll and Western packed at 28@32c; inferior from 20 to 25c.

EGGS.—Are steady at 19@20c; fresh packed rule from 21 to 22c.

FLOUR.—Continues quiet and steady, with a large supply on the market. Super rules at $9 25@9 50; X at $11 00@11 25; XX at $12 50@13 00; XXX and family brands at $14 00@18 00 per bbl.

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